All the News
For Twelve Cents
Per Week.
Try
THE MORNING STAR.

Entered at the Postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., as Second-Class Mail Matter.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Hints

About

NEW SPRING FABRICS

And Where to Get Them.

Ancient historians' extravagant descriptions of the colorings and designs of the fabrics of Tyre would not do justice to the exquisite design and elegance of the weaves of 1895.

500 New Patterns

Just received, and still they come to the leading dry goods house in North Carolina.

Fancy Designs in Patterns.

Lot No. 1. Hmespun Cheviots,

In various shadings, consisting of 50 patterns, no two alike, $4 pat. 8 yds.

Lot No 2, Illuminated Novelties, GLACE COTE, consisting of 20 patterns, no two alike, $4.80 8 yds.

Lot No. 4, Union Suitings and Waffle Weaves, consisting of 50 patterns, no two alike, $3.60 pat 8 yds.

Lot No. 4, English Whipcords, French Boucle's, Savoy Tailorings, $10 pattern.

Cravenettes,

Especially for Coast wear (Salt water does not affect it) are going to be used. We are now showing a beautiful line of these goods. They are thoroughly water proof, yet are light and pleasant to wear.

St. Gall. Calais, Brussels, Tarare Lyons and Plahen are here.

Novelties in

LACES

For Spring appear.

The largest line, the Greatest variety and the most elegant designs ever displayed in the city.

Among these high-class goods can be found

Real Brussels Applique,

In "Old Lace," Butter Color" and in "Champaigne."

You Did Not Know It?

We carry the prettiest line of novelties in Side Combs, Sterling silver ornaments at 75c. pair. Lac. Metal. warranted not to tarnish, at 25c pair. Plain Shell at 15c each, and a beautiful line of Ladies' ornamented Hair Pins, Parisian patterns, at 25c each. Ladies' Belt Buckles in oxidized and Lac. Metal at 15c, 25c and 50c. each. Do not wait. Be a chooser.

☞It is well known that we carry the most select stock of Perfumes, Soaps and other to let articles in the city—Hudnutt's &Colgates' and Colgate & Pear's.

We call especial attention to that exquisite Parisian creation. "Pean D Spaugne." By direct importation we have secured perfection.

Just Received,

50 pieces Dimity, 20c, 25c, 30c, 35c and 40c a yard.

50 pieces Persian Lawn, 15c, 20c, 25c, 30c, 35c and 40c yard.

Tarleton in all colors.

50 pieces Linen Lawn, 30, 35, 40, 50 and 60c. yard.

50 pieces French Nainsook, 45 inches, 30c, 35c. 40c, 50c and 60c yd.

50 pieces Plaid Lawns 8c, 10c and 12½c, 15c and 18c. yard,

50 pieces plain and colored Swis and Batiste, 25c, 35c and 50c yard.

New Cotton Creations.

Fancy French Swiss,
Fancy pique weaves,
Hecto Fabrique, French Ginghams.

1000 yards ¾ Percale at 7c a yard.

About 200 yards Embroidery now on the counter at 5c a yard. They will not last long.

Agent for

Smith & Angell Hosiery

We have just received NEW Em BROIDERIES. Warranted as advertised. We give special attention to Mail orders.

A. D. BROWN'S,

Successor to BROWN & RODDICK
No 9 NORTH FRONT ST.
feb 12 tf

JOHN H. HANBY,
GENERAL
Contractor and Builder.

Having retired from Railroad service, I am now in a position to offer my services to my friends and the public in general, and will conduct in future the business of contracting for

All kinds of Buildings & Repairs to Same.

Pile Driving, Wharf Building, Foundations for Building and Heavy Machinery, Bridges, etc., specialty.
Office at Divine & Chesbrough's, 10 Market street. Residence 115 South Sixth street.
jan 6 1m

Progressive Institute,
DUNN, N. C.

A GOOD PREPARATORY SCHOOL FOR boys and Girls. MUSIC, ART, BOOK-KEEPING and CHEMISTRY taught. Address
D. S. PARKER, Principal,
feb 5 1m Dunn, N. C.

THE MORNING STAR.

VOL. LV.—NO. 127. WILMINGTON, N. C., TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 12, 1895. WHOLE NO. 8,663

OUTLINES

Proceedings in Congress yesterday. —Suicide of a bank cashier. —Death of Gen. Montgomery Corse, of the Confederate army. —Steamship over-due from Jacksonville Fla., for New York. —Cotton afire on a steamer at Charleston. —The strike at Lynn, Mass. —Earthquake shock in Sicily —The bank of Lakeburg, Fla., has made an assignment. —Heavy snowfall in South Carolina. —The new bond issue. —Arrival of the over-due steamer L. Gascogne. —The Southern Passenger Association. —Death of Judge Cayare, eminent jurist and historian. —The snow blockade broken—communication between Washington and the South, and trains running with some regularity. —China has ordered her peace commissioners sent to Japan to return home. —A severe snow-storm at Chattanooga. —Nine prisoners escape from jail at Athens, O. —Chicago grain and provision market. —Cotton spots and futures. —N. Y. markets: Money on call was steady to-day at 1½@2 per cent., with last loan at 1½ per cent., and closing off-red at 1½ per cent; cotton quiet; middling gull 5⅞ cents; middling uplands 5⅝ cts; Southern flour dull but steady; common to fair extra $1.90@3.75; good to choice do. $3.80@5.25; wheat dull and easier; No. 2 red in store and at elevator 57@57¼ cents; afloat 58¾ cents; corn dull and easy; No. 2 at elevator 47¾@48 cents; afloat 49¾@49¼c; spirits turpentine quiet and firm at 30@30¼ cents; rosin dull but steady; strained common to good $1.35@1.40.

A $10,000,000 plate glass trust to control the business in this country has just been organized. Glass is a pretty brittle thing to put so much money in.

The Montgomery, Ala., *Advertiser* quotes a Michigan immigration agent as saying that he has the names of four thousand persons on his books who wish to move South.

The general impression that Kentuckians have no use for water is shown to be erroneous by the fact that Carrolton has contracted for water-works to cost $18,149.

Miss Susan B. Anthony hasn't a very high opinion of this Congress. It is an open secret that a majority of the American people are very much of Miss Anthony's opinion.

It is said that Secretary Hoke Smith has an ambition to be Governor of Georgia. Georgia is a great State and Mr. Smith may be excused for nursing that ambition, if he is doing so.

President Eugene Debs takes a good deal of interest in the American Railway Union, on which he has a soft snap as President, on a salary of $9,000 a year. His wife can afford to wear diamonds and nice clothes.

It is not a pleasant piece of information for the American wheat grower to be officially told that importations of wheat from Argentina by Germany have increased five fold within two years. They have also largely increased in England and other European countries.

There are 3,000 Russians in New York who have taken the oath of allegiance to the Czar, and strange to say the majority of them are Jews who fled to this country to escape persecution or were driven out. After rushing to take the oath they should follow it up by rushing to Russia.

The 167,555 immigrants who arrived at New York last year, brought to this country $3,050,949 in gold. The 61,653 American tourist who went abroad in the same year, are estimated to have taken out $61,653,000: balance on the wrong side. This is one of the causes of the gold drain, and why Uncle Sam is short on the yellow stuff.

A contemporary reminds the Colorado Legislature that the act prohibiting the flying of foreign colors in that State would exclude foreign ships from the ports of that State, if she had any. But as there is no probability of Colorado becoming a seaport sovereigoty her solons are bothering themselves much with this view of the question.

Dr. Walter C. Murphy, formerly of this State, but now of Washington city, has started a quarterly journal there, devoted to aiding in the dissemination of information on hygene, health, medicinal mineral waters, sanitary science, the special object being to call attention to the Southern States. The initial number treats mainly of Western North Carolina, the articles being illustrated with very attractive pictures. Such a journal may do much good for the South and is, especially when under the management of such an able and earnest worker as Dr. Murphy, deserving of every encouragement from those who take an interest in Southern progress and prosperity. The subscription price is one dollar a year. Address Walter C. Murphy, M. D., 932 K. street, N. W. Washington, D. C.

Auction at Dingelhoef's 2.30 and 7.30 to-day.

Michigan has a female mail carrier who makes her round trip of ten miles six times a week for the magnificent sum of fifty eight cents a trip. But as she got caught in a blizzard and missed two trips, her salary is to be reduced to fifty-two cents a trip.

The emigration from this country to Europe last year, consisting of immigrants who were returning to their old homes, amounted to 310,251 persons against 174,766 for 1893. Thus far we haven't heard any lamentation over this increase.

Some bright rays of hope have been shot into the existence of the Chicago divorce lawyer by the announcement that fifteen thousand marriage licenses were issued in that city last year.

A party of one hundred Nebraska farmers who will locate in Baldwin county, Alabama, was expected to arrive at Mobile Saturday or Sunday.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ATTENTION—Liquor dealers.
HEADLIGHT—Printer wanted.
M J. DINGELHOEF—Auction sale.
MASONIC—Meeting St. John's Lodge.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Pointedly Printed.

— Miss Fannie Corbett is on the sick list.

— Mr. Wm. Black, of Monroe, N. C., was in the city yesterday.

— Mr. W. G. Burkhead, of Whiteville, was a visitor in the city yesterday

— Mr. J. J Long and Mrs. C. E. Long, of Columbus county, were in the city yesterday.

— Mr. Harry E Sanford, manager of the Robert Mantell Company, spent Sunday in this city.

— Mr. Gus Zoeller was severely cut and bruised while out driving yesterday, being thrown from his buggy on the turnpike.

— Three of "Tillman Spies" from South Carolina were in the city yesterday, watching the whiskey shipments to gather points.

— Mr. George K. Mayo, Superintendent of the Tillery Lumber Company at Tillery, N. C., is in the city on a visit to his father, Mr. Wm. E. Mayo.

— Mr. Geo. F. Titley, while at at work in his beef stall at the Front street market house, had the misfortune to fall and dislocate his knee yesterday morning.

— Mr. Sam'l S. Woody, son of Mr. Jno. D. Woody, arrived last night from New York, where he has been in business for the past five years. His old friends are glad to see him back.

— Messrs. J. A. Moore, Jennings Pemberton, Will. C. Dodson, W. H. Pemberton, Fayetteville, and Mr. W. M. Crookshanks, of Greenville, S. C., were among the arrivals in the city last night.

— Messrs. R. L. Burkhead, N. C.; A. P Levy, Darlington; Thos. Wilson, Salem; J. C. Caddell, Raleigh; E. W. Kerr, Clinton; H. Bowden, Warsaw; G W. Westbrook, Wrightsville, were among the arrivals in the city yesterday.

LOCAL DOTS.

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

— Wood and coal dealers were doing a rushing business yesterday.

— Kale is quoted in New York at $1.35@1.75, spinach $5.00@6.00.

— The local forecast for to-day is "snow, probably turning to rain; warmer,

— There was good skating yesterday on ponds in the vicinity of the city.

— The coming of Robert Mantell at the Opera House, on next Monday evening in his famous play "Monboro," is the theatrical event on the boards.

— Mr. T. T. Rooks, merchant, of Odessa, N. C., died at his residence there yesterday. He was well known by the merchants in this city and highly esteemed.

Auction at Dingelhoef's 2.30 and 7.30 to-day.

THE WEATHER.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU.
WILMINGTON, N. C., Feb. 11.

Meteorological data for yesterday:
Temperature: 8 a. m., 25°, 8 p. m 37°; maximum, 33°; minimum, 24°; mean, 28°
Rainfall for the day .09; rainfall for the month up to date 1.26 inches

FORECASTS FOR TO-DAY.

For North Carolina, snow; variable winds.

For South Carolina, rain; east to northeast winds.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R.—13 bales cotton, 25 bbls rosin, 47 bbls tar.

C. F. & Y. V. R. R.—14 bales cotton, 87 bbls tar.

Autry's raft—1,459 bbls rosin.

Total receipts.—Cotton, 26 bales; rosin, 1,484 bbls; tar, 49 bbls.

— Forty-nine Parts of the American Encyclopedic Dictionary may now be ordered. Send one coupon and 17 cents (which includes postage) for each Part. Take advantage of this opportunity to secure the best Dictionary and Encyclopedia combined at a very low price.

Auction at Dingelhoef's 2.30 and 7.30 to-day.

FIRE ON NORTH FRONT STREET.

Two Residences in Flames—Both Buildings Badly Damaged—Loss Partly Covered by Insurance.

Two handsome residences on North Front street, belonging to Mrs Robert Morrison, were badly damaged by fire early yesterday morning.

The fire was discovered shortly after midnight in the kitchen attached to the house occupied by Mrs. Greenebaum, and was under full headway when the alarm was turned in. The engines, reels and trucks of the Fire Department were soon on the ground but in the meantime the flames had spread, and before they could be checked the residence occupied by Mrs. Morrison was also on fire. Both buildings were badly damaged before the fire was finally extinguished, the house occupied by Mrs. Greenebaum being almost entirely consumed.

It was a bitterly cold night, the water freezing as it fell from the pipes in the hands of the firemen. The occupants of the two houses were asleep when the fire broke out, and some of them escaped only partly dressed. Most of the furniture in Mrs. Greenebaum's house was destroyed and all that was removed from her house and that of Mrs. Morrison was damaged by water or in the removal. Mr. W. R. Morrison reports the loss of $500 in money.

There was insurance on the two buildings for $8,700 in Mr. W. W. Hodges' agency, Mrs. Greenebaum had $300 insurance on furniture, with Mr. Jos. D. Smith, and Mrs. Morrison $700 on furniture with Mr. W. W. Hodges.

About 6 o'clock in the morning fire broke out again in the ruins of one of the houses and the Fire Department was again called out and quickly suppressed the flames.

Belle Boyd.

The entertainment to be given by the celebrated Belle Boyd at Y. M. C. A. hall on Thursday night, the 14th inst., is a novelty, in that it is essentially different from any ever presented to the public. Miss Belle makes her appearance in a semi-uniform of Confederate grey, with a long riding skirt of the same material, the whole garnished with the usual gold braid and brass buttons her head adorned by a large white sombrero which was worn by Gen. Jeb. Stuart during the war. Her narrative consists of series of incidents of which she was an eye witness, and in part an actor, and is said to be the most thrilling and altogether the best narrative of the civil war yet given from the platform. The advance sale of tickets opens Wednesday morning at Yates' bookstore.

Magistrate's Court.

Robt. Loftin and Ed. Lavender, colored boys, were arrested yesterday by police officer Smith and tried before Justice J. M. McGowan on the charge of stealing fifty dollars in money from Martha Fisher. After an investigation of the case, the magistrate discharged Lavender. Loftin, who admitted stealing the money was sent to jail in default of bond in the sum of $100 to await the action of the Criminal Court. Twenty-three dollars of the stolen money was recovered; the remainder, Loftin said he gave to Hun Nixon.

Wm. Henry Hill, colored, charged with receiving stolen goods, was also held in the sum of $100 for the Criminal Court. Hill had several articles in his possession that were identified as the property of Mr Jno. Taylor.

Death of Mr. E. S. Burkhead.

A telegram received here yesterday from Raleigh announced the death in that city of Mr. Edward B. Engelhard, eldest son of the late Maj Jos. A. Engelhard and Mrs Margaret Cotten Engelhard, whose death occurred in Raleigh last week. Mr. Engelhard died of pneumonia, brought on, it is said, by exposure while riding through the country to be at the bedside of his dying mother. He was about 38 years of age and unmarried. For several years he was Chief of the Fire Department of Raleigh and had a great many friends there, in this city and throughout the State.

Auction at Dingelhoef's 2.30 and 7.30 to-day.

Steamer South Portland.

The Clyde steamer *South Portland* was to have sailed Saturday last from New York for Wilmington, but was frozen in at her pier at Brooklyn. Mr. T. E Eger, the New York agent, telegraphed yesterday that he had just succeeded in getting the steamer out and over to New York and hoped that she would be able to sail at midnight for Wilmington.

The Weather.

There was a slight fall of snow here yesterday, barely enough to cover the ground. Last night it was sleeting, and there was every appearance of a continuance of "falling" weather. The weather forecasts received from Washington at midnight were, "For North Carolina, snow." Yesterday was one of the cold days. The temperature was below the freezing point. At 8 a. m. the mercury was at 25 degrees and at 8 p. m. 27.

Buy No Others.

All persons are hereby cautioned against buying copies of the STAR offered for sale on the streets unless, in every case, the words "For Transient Sale" are stamped on the margin of the paper. Should any newsboy or carrier offer for sale a copy of the STAR not so stamped, he should be promptly reported at this office.

A Novel for Four Cents.

For four to five cents each you can get novels by Charles Reade, A. Conan Doyle, Rider Haggard, Miss Mulock, Miss Braddon, Wilkie Collins, Robert L. Stevenson, Alex. Dumas, Mrs. Henry Wood, Mrs. Southworth, Emerson Bennett, Nathaniel Hawthorne, W. M. Thackeray, Charles Dickens, Captain Marryat, Jules Verne and many others. These books can be obtained through the STAR Read announcement in another colum

Auction at Dingelhoef's 2.30 and 7.30 to-day.

STATE LEGISLATURE.

THE NEW ELECTION LAW TO BE INTRODUCED IN THE SENATE TO-DAY.

Three Radical Changes in the Present Law Proposed—Bill Passed to Allow Every County in the State the Use of Twenty-five Convicts on Public Roads—Election Case of Gatling vs. Smith from Gates Decided in Favor of Smith.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]
RALEIGH N. C., Feb. 11.

SENATE.

The Senate was called to order at 11 o'clock a. m. by President Donahton and prayer was offered by Rev Dr J W Carter. The journal was read and approved.

Mr Franks presented a petition asking for convicts to work the roads in Onslow, also, a petition in opposition to the Criminal Court.

Mr Dula, a petition in opposition to the sale of liquors in two miles of Prospect Church, McDowell county.

Mr White introduced a bill to provide for revising and digesting the public laws of North Carolina; also, a bill for the relief of Alexander county.

Mr Franks, a bill to amend chapter 154, Public Laws of 1891, relating to renting turpentine boxes.

Mr McCoskry, a bill to protect the public roads in Beaufort county.

Mr Billamy, a bill to repeal the charter of Kinquick in Edgecombe county.

Mr Dula, a bill to amend section 3604 of the Code and to provide for the election of State Librarian; also, a bill to allow certain land owners to erect gates across the public roads; also, a bill to prohibit sale of liquor in two miles of Prospect Church.

Mr Black, a bill for the relief of D W Ramsler, an ex-Confederate soldier.

Mr Abell, a bill to provide for working the public roads in Johnston county.

Mr Moody a bill to incorporate the Wake Banking and Security Company; also, a bill to provide for raising the public school fund by the taxation of estates.

Mr White, a bill to prevent sale of liquor in two miles of Bethel church in Perquimans county.

Mr Stevens, a bill to amend the Code relating to meetings of supervisors

Mr Carver, a bill to regulate the hours of labor in cotton factories in North Carolina.

Bill to incorporate David Lodge of Odd Fellows at Yadkinville passed third reading.

Bill to amend the charter of the Murfreesboro Railroad Company by extending its main line through Bertie county without town or county aid passed third reading.

Bill to incorporate the town of South Biltmore passed second reading.

Bill to change the time of election of municipal officers of Windsor, Bertie county, passed third reading.

Bill to amend the Laws of 1893, section 1, chapter 417 passed third reading.

Bill to amend chapter 1114 of the Code was unfavorably reported, and was laid upon the table.

Bill to repeal chapter 48, Laws of 1893, passed third reading.

Bill to incorporate the Garysburg High School Company passed third reading.

Bill to allow the trustees of Whynot Academy to make title to the property passed third reading.

Bill providing for the printing of certain colonial records was unfavorably passed over.

Bill to equip and furnish the female department of the North Carolina Insane Asylum, appropriating $8,000, was taken up.

Mr Hoover took ground against the bill, stating that $8,000 to furnish thirty rooms was at the rate of $100 per room and this he thought was too much

Mr Moody read an itemized statement of the cost of furnishing the part of the asylum referred to, and declared that the figure named was just as little as the equipment could be had for. Much debate followed and Mr Hoover moved to re-refer the bill but withdrew the motion. The ayes and noes were called upon the passage of the bill and it passed second reading by a vote of twenty-seven to five and then passed third reading unanimously.

Bill to incorporate the girl's training school at Franklinton passed third reading.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

The House met at 10 o'clock, Mr Lusk, of Buncombe, in the chair. Prayer by Rev H H Mansburn, of Wake Forest. The reading of the journal was completed, when Mr Peebles arose and called attention to an error in the journal which showed that the bill to amend the charter of Elizabeth City had been read three times. Messrs Ray, McCall, McKenzie and Peebles contended that the clerk had made a wrong entry, and in this they were corroborated by several members on the Rep.-Pop. side. Finally, on motion of Mr Ewart, Rep, the clerk was ordered to correct the journal accordingly.

PETITIONS AND MEMORIALS.

Mr Warner, petition of citizens of Simpsonville township, Rockingham county, in regard to appointment of justices of the peace.

Mr Payne, petition of citizens of Robeson county asking that O R Robinson, a Croatan, be made a justice of the peace.

Mr Hooker, petition of citizens of Beaufort county, in regard to fishing in Pamlico river.

Mr Hooker, memorial of commissioners of Beaufort county, in regard to the Insane Asylum.

Mr Hooker, memorial asking for the incorporation of Fair Cove Church, Beaufort county.

Mr Ewart, memorial of public meeting in Henderson, against the interest bill.

Mr Hunter, resolution to authorize the committee on penal institutions to send for persons and papers.

Mr Smith of Gates, resolution that all bills to amend the Code shall give the substance of the old law and the change proposed.

Mr Reinhardt, joint resolution urging our Senators and Representatives to favor the Nicaragua Canal.

Mr Hileman, resolution in regard to falls in the Yadkin river.

Mr Payne, bill to pay mileage to persons who attend Superior Court as witnesses

Mr Payne, bill to incorporate the town of Pembroke in Robeson county.

Mr Alexander, of Tyrrell, bill to amend chapter 57, volume 2 of the Code.

Mr Abbott, bill for the relief of ex-sheriff of Pamlico county.

Mr Squires, bill to repeal section 8, chapter 87, Laws of 1873-4.

Mr Campbell, bill to provide for the construction of a railroad from Murphy to the Tennessee line.

Mr Crummel, bill to provide for compulsory education.

Mr Smith, of Stanly, bill to prohibit sale of liquor near Stony Hill, Stanly county.

Mr Eldridge, bill to amend section 3840 of the Code.

Mr Kluz, bill to amend the charter of Mocksville.

Mr Smith of Cleveland, bill to amend chapter 69, Laws of 1893.

Mr Huffman, bill to amend section 62 chapter 180, Laws of 1885.

Mr Hooker, bill to extend the operations of section 1890 of the Code, relating to the Plymouth, Washington and Kinston Railroad.

Mr Gentry, bill in regard to screens in bar rooms and the opening and closing of same.

Mr Grizzard, bill to authorize the commissioners of Halifax county to appoint a tax collector.

Mr Turner, of Mitchell, bill to repeal chapter 77, Laws of 1887.

Mr Julian, bill to protect fish in Rowan county. Also, bill to protect game in Rowan county.

Mr Campbell, bill to change the corporate limits of Murphy, Cherokee county.

Mr McCall, bill to allow Dr Jos H Henderson to act as guardian without bond.

Mr Crews, resolution in regard to the asylum at Oxford.

Mr Ewart, (by request) bills to amend the charters of the towns of Smithfield and of Charlotte, N C.

Mr Ewart, bill to amend chapter 85, Private Laws of 1883.

Mr Ewart, bill to employ stenographers in certain cases.

Mr Ewart, bill to amend sections 294 and 1208 of the Code.

Mr Ewart, bill to provide a graded school in Henderson county.

Mr Ewart, bill to prohibit the use of profane and indecent language.

BILLS ON THEIR PASSAGE.

Resolution to pay the members of the committee who visited Morganton $135 65, being the actual expenses. Passed third reading.

Bill to amend chapter 530, Laws of 1891, in regard to forwarding of freight by railroads. Passed third reading.

Senate bill in regard to stock law in Macon, Jackson and other Western counties. Tabled.

Bill to prohibit prize fighting in North Carolina. Passed third reading.

Bill to repeal chapter 379, Laws of 1893, in regard to roads in Mitchell county. Passed third reading.

Bill to change time of holding the Superior Court in Yadkin county. Passed third reading.

Bill to allow the Trinity Land Company to own and hold land in excess of 300 acres. Placed on the calendar.

Bill to reduce the price of registering mortgages and probating deeds. Passed over informally.

Mr Ewart, chairman of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, laid before the House papers and depositions in the contested election case of Gatling against Smith, from Gates county.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

The Senate to-day after passing several local bills consumed considerable time in debating the bill to allow every county in the State the use of twenty-five convicts on the public roads, the State to pay the expenses of the convicts to and from the counties. The bill finally passed.

The new Election bill, which it is understood will be introduced in the Senate to-morrow, will make three radical changes in the present law. It proposes to change the manner of appointing registrars and poll holders so that each party will appoint its own officers. It will abolish the county canvassing boards and will require that the ballots be preserved instead of being destroyed as heretofore.

The consideration of the election case of Gatling against Smith, of Gates, in the House, resulted after some discussion in declaring Smith, Democratic sitting member, entitled to his seat by almost unanimous vote.

A long debate followed on a bill asking that the sheriff of Rowan be paid $300 reward for an arrest made by him. It was argued in opposition that the sheriff being an officer whose duty it was to make such arrests without reward, he was not entitled to it, and the bill was laid on the table.

Auction at Dingelhoef's 2.30 and 7.30 to-day.

JUDGE WINSTON

Tenders His Resignation to Become a Member of the Firm of Fuller & Fuller.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

RALEIGH, February 11.—Judge R. W. Winston announces that he has tendered his resignation as Superior Court Judge of the Fifth District and will become a member of the firm of Fuller & Fuller, of Durham, where he will make his home in future.

Mr. W. W. Fuller, of the firm, has been appointed chief attorney of the American Tobacco Company, with headquarters in New York and at a salary which rumor says will be forty thousand dollars.

ALL FOR ONE DOLLAR.

Twenty-Five Choice Novels for One Coupon and One Dollar—Hose the Authors.

Examine this list of standard novels. You can get the 25 books for one coupon and One Dollar, and they will be sent post-paid to any address. See announcement in another column for coupons and complete list of books.

THESE 25 FOR ONE DOLLAR.

No 51—A Rogue's Life; By Wilkie Collins.
No. 52—Tre-cure Island; By Robert L. Stevenson.
No. 53—The Red Hill Tragedy; By Emma D. E. N. Southworth.
No 54—In Durance Vile; By "The Duchess."
No. 55—Marsing Her Fate; By Miss M. E. Braddon.
No. 56—Hickory Hall. By Emma D. E. N. Southworth.
No 57—The Heiress of Hilldrop; By Charlotte M Braeme, author of "Dora Thorne."
No. 58—Grandfather's Chair; By Nathaniel Hawthorne
No. 59—The Surgeon's Daughter; by Sir Walter Scott.
No. 61—No Thoroughfare; By Charles Dickens and Wilkie Collins.
No. 62—The Wandering Heir; By Charles Reade.
No. 67—The Rajah's Darling; By Charlotte M Braeme, author of "Dora Thorne."
No. 68—The Siege of Granada. By Sir E Bulwer Lytton.
No. 69—The Sea King; by Captain Marryat.
No 70—Mr Gilfil's Love Story; By Geo Eliot.
No 79—The Armorer of Tyre; By Sylv Cobb, Jr.
No. 17—Rock Halo, or The Daughter of the Inland. By Miss Anne S Stephens.
No. 18—A Study in Scarlet; By A Conan Doyle.
No. 19—Nurse Revels Mistake; By Florence Warden
No 15—The Black Tulip; by Alexander Dumas.
No. 21—The Suits of Lrish, or The Miller's Daughter; By Charlotte M Braeme, author of Dora Thorne.
No. 9—The Black Dwarf; By Sir Walter Scott.
No. 6—The Cavaliers Be Ours; By Alex Dumas.
No. 4—King Solomon's Mines; By H Rider Haggard
No. 1—The Scarlet Letter; By Nathan'l Hawthorne

COTTON FACTS AND FIGURES.

— Receipts here yesterday, 86 bales; same day last year, 285 bales.

— Net receipts at the ports, 24,904 bales; stock, 903 bales.

— Spot cotton dull in New York at 5⅝c; steady in Wilmington at 5c.

— New York futures closed quiet and steady. February, 5.41; March, 5.46; April, 5.50; May, 5.55; June, 5.59; July, 5.63; August, 5.67; September, 5.73; October, 5.79; November 5.83.

Auction at Dingelhoef's 2.30 and 7.30 to-day.

A handsome present was given Mr. V A. Clifton at Dingelhoef's last night, he being the nearest guesser. Handsome presents given away daily.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Attention Liquor Dealers.

EVERY Liquor Dealer is hereby earnestly requested to be present at a special meeting of the second Ward Democratic Club, at the Club Room, at Acme No. 1, on the 1st of each inst., at 8 o'clock p. m. Business of importance will be discussed at this meeting. By order of the President.
feb 12 1t C. W. LI DER, President.

Printer Wanted.

MUST be competent, steady and sober. Eight dollars per Week.
THE HEADLIGHT,
feb 11 2t Goldsboro, N. C.

ST. JOHN'S LODGE No. 1, A. F. & A. M.

Regular monthly Communication this (Tuesday) evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting Brethren are cordially invited to attend.
By order W. M.
WM. M. POISON,
feb 12 1t Secretary.

DO YOU HEAR THE BELL A-RINGING?

All the Cry Of the Town is Dingelhoef's Great Jewelry AUCTION!

Now Going On.

Everybody Goes.

2,500 Souvenirs For Ladies, Free to All.

feb 12 tw

Y. M. C. A. HALL,
THURSDAY NIGHT, FEB. 14TH.

The veritable
BELLE BOYD,
Of "Stonewall" Jackson and Shenandoah Valley fame, better known as
THE REBEL SPY.
Assisted by Miss Boyd Swinaton, Vocalist.
Tickets 50 cents. On sale at Yates'.
feb 11 3t

Keep Your Feet Warm.

To accomplish same is to visit us and buy

Shoes and Rubbers.

Ladies' Pat. Leather Tip Button 75c up.
Solid Leather Shoes $1 and upwards.
Men's solid Leather Lace and Cong. 95c.
Children's Shoes 35c and upwards.
Ladies' and Children's Rubbers 35c.

Underwear

For Men, Women and children at greatly reduced prices.

A Stylish Suit or Overcoat at Half Price

We want more room before our Spring Stock arrives and we are going to have it.
OVERCOATS at $3.75, $4.50, $5.50 and $9.00.
Children's Knee Pants and Suits.
Plenty cold weather bargains at

J. H. REHDER & CO.

Next Fourth St. Bridge.

Car fare paid on all purchases over $2.00.
Phone 158 feb 10 tf

Cash Paid
—FOR—
Beeswax.

If you have some to sell ship it to us and we will allow you
30 CENTS PER POUND
for it in Boston and no charge for Commission or carting. References all through the South if required.
W. H. BOWDLEAR & CO.,
jan 27 2m Office and Warehouse 38 Central Wharf, Boston, Mass.

Early Rose Potatoes.

50 bbls. E. Rose Potatoes.
800 bbls. Flour.
400 bbls. Molasses.
75 Cheese.
60 bags Coffee.
111 bbls. Sugar. Also Oats, Hay, Meat, Peanuts, Can Goods, &c.
D. L. GORE.
feb 5 D&W tf

Strayed,

A SCOTCH COLLIE DOG, BLACK AND Tan Color, had chain collar, R. H. Gerard engraved on collar. A liberal reward will be given for his return to
feb 10 tf SHEED & CO.

If You Want
ALL THE NEWS
IN GOOD SHAPE,
Read
THE MORNING STAR.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

We put a load on our Shoulders

—o—

Katz & Polvogt,

116 Market Street.

Will place on sale a portion of the Bankrupt Stock of Lichtenstein & Sons, of New York, purchased by Ehrich Bros., who sold us a portion Here is Ehrich Bros' letter,

Messrs. KATZ & POLVOGT.

Gentlemen—

We hereby agree to turn over a certain portion of the stock purchased of Lichtenstein & Sons, in consideration that it be paid for in cash.

Yours truly,
EHRICH BROS.

Spot cash was the condition of sale to us. Our prices will make competition impossible:

Lichtenstein's Price.		Our Price.
59c—	27-in Swivel Silk,	39
75c—	Solid Japanese Silks,	49
59c—	Wash Kiki Silk,	33
60c—	Solid China Silks,	35
75c—	Fancy Drapery Silks,	39
1.79—	Blk Gro. Grain Silk,	1.19
1.50—	Blk Satin Duchesse,	1.15
98c—	Fancy Waist Silks,	69
98c—	Blk Figured China Silks,	69
1.35—	Crepe de Chene,	85

We have reduced our entire stock of Colored Silk Velvets to a uniform price with those purchased of Lichtenstein & Sons—to 85c.

Black Dress Goods.

1.25—	Blk Silk-fin. Henriettas,		75
1.00	do	do	63
75c	do	do	50
69c—	Blk Fancy Weaves,		45
59c—	Blk Figured Mohair,		34
1.25—	Blk Satin Stripe Batiste,		79
1.50—	Diagonal Whipcord,		98
1.39—	Imported Storm Serge,		98
50c—	Surah and Storm Serges,		34

Domestic and Housekeeping Goods.

10c—	4 4 Fruit of the Loom,	6
10c—	4 4 Lonsdale Shirting,	7
15c—	Lonsdale Cambric,	9
10c—	Amory Shirting,	8

(Limit on these goods to 10 yds.)

49c—	Turkey Red Damask,	25
59c—	do do do	43
49c—	Bleached Damask,	31
89—	Bleached Damask,	52

Mail orders will be filled as long as the goods last.

KATZ & POLVOGT,

116 Market Street.

WILMINGTON, N. C.
feb 2 tf

Coal, Coal,

Red Ash Egg, White Ash Egg, White Ash Stove, Chestnut Coal, Furnace Coal, Pea Coal, Foundry Coal, Tennessee Lump, Pochahontas Lump

Wood, Wood.

OAK, ASH, LIGHTWOOD.
All Coal and Wood of the best quality and Lowest Prices.
J. A. SPRINGER.
dec 26 tf

Valentines.

Messengers of Love. Golden and Silver Gems. Lace Valentines. Caskets made of Celluloid, highly perfumed. Elite Card Comics.

We have the largest and most beautiful line to select from.

Please call and make your selections at

HEINSBERGER'S
Live Book and Music Store.
feb 10 tf

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, at $6 00 per year, $3 00 for six months, $1 50 for three months, 50 cents for one month, to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 12 cents per week to any period from one week to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY).—One square one day, $1 00; two days, $1 75; three days, $2 50; four days, $3 00; five days, $3 50; one week, $4 00; two weeks, $6 00; three weeks, $8 00; one month $10 00; two months $17 00; three months, $24 00; six months, $40 00; twelve months, $70 00. Ten lines of solid Nonpareil type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1 00 per year, 50 cents for six months, 25 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops, Picnics, Society Meetings, Political Meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Notices under head of "City Items" 30 cents per line for first insertion, and 15 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect, Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

An extra charge will be made for double-column or triple-column advertisements.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1 00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

Amusement, Auction and Official advertisements etc.

The Morning Star.

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

TUESDAY MORNING, FEB. 12, 1895

LOOKING IN THE WRONG DIRECTION.

The farmers of this country North or South who are depending upon the financial policies that may be pursued at Washington to get them out of the bog and put them upon the solid ground are looking for relief from the wrong source. If the right policies were pursued there, if our statesmen, real and so called, would drop politics long enough to take a good square look at the situation and could put patriotism above party long enough to get together and do something, we might hope for the adoption of some broad-gauge policies which would help to lift the country up, but in the present tangled condition of the parties, with the antagonistic programme that each is pursuing, we have no reason to expect anything of the kind.

After a protracted fight of nearly a generation the Democratic party, in pursuance of its pledges to the people, finally succeeded in somewhat modifying the McKinley monstrosity. But it took a very hard fight to do that, for there were in the ranks of the tariff reformers some men who stood nearer to the interests which demanded protection than they did to the people whom they professed to represent. That lifted some of a very heavy burden from the people, but we have gone as far on that line as we can go for some time to come, how long there is no telling.

This having been disposed of the next issue in which the country is interested, and upon which there are apparently irreconcilable differences, is the financial question, upon which the parties are now being formed in opposing lines.

As we see it, there is little hope of a satisfactory adjustment of that question, for if the Republican party should gain the ascendency in the next national contest the question will be left where it is. It can do nothing in the way of making it worse because it cannot control the Senate of the United States. It will not attempt to make it better for that would be to invite the enmity of the money powers, which always have controlled that party.

If the Democratic party should recover the House of Representatives and elect the President in 1896 the financial question would still be one of contention, for Eastern Democrats are as far apart from the Southern and Western Democrats on that question as Western and Southern Democrats are from Eastern Republicans. To effect anything like a radical change it would be necessary to elect a Western Democrat for President who would be in sympathy with Southern and Western sentiment and even then there would be a powerful minority in the Senate determined to fight every new departure with stubbornness, and that means under the usages of the Senate a protracted and interminable fight or an improbable surrender.

The Populists with their radical views and impracticable idiosyncracies have no earthly hope of electing a majority of the House of Representatives, much less the President, and all they can hope to do is to hold the balance of power, as they now do in the Senate, although they will be able to cast but six votes in the next Senate.

Under these circumstances what material change can the people expect in the financial policies of the Government? We can't have State banks of issue, which to the people of the South and the West was the most important feature in the scheme of financial reform. We cannot have the free and unlimited coinage of silver because there is in addition to the Republican opposition a powerful minority in the Democratic party opposed to that. Without State banks and the free coinage of silver what is there left that is worth fighting for on financial lines? Nothing. The bond question and the status of the national banks are mere incidents, in which the people are but very little and only indirectly interested. The fight will be waged, the battle will be won, although it may take years, as it did to win in the tariff fight, but the people will win, and we will yet have State banks, and the silver dollar will stand recognized and restored to its proper and legitimate place in our monetary system. But this will not be in time to do the depressed industries, and especially the industries of the farm, any good now.

The farmer who seeks relief must not depend upon that, but must help himself if he would get out of the bog and on to the solid ground. How? By adopting better methods upon the farm, by getting out of the ruts, by abandoning the one crop foolishness whatever it be, and by making the farm so self-supporting that it will supply everything in the way of supplies needed by those who cultivate it for themselves or the animals which serve them. When that is done independence will be achieved, and the farmer become a freeman in the true sense.

Next, co-operation in the building up of the industries which will directly contribute to the benefit of the farm and the farmer, cotton mills to buy and spin and weave his cotton, thus giving him a home market upon which he can depend and which will not be influenced by the pranks and scheming of speculators; wood manufacturing establishments, which would supply him with the various articles he might need and at the same time make a demand for the timber he may have to sell; shoe factories which would supply him with the shoes he needs, and at the same time make a better market for the leather made from the hides he supplies the tanners with; canneries which would furnish a market for vegetables and for the surplus fruit which would otherwise be profitless and go to waste; tobacco factories where there are no factories to work the leaf marketed, and thus make a permanent market for the leaf, which the speculator could not then control.

These and numerous other things the farmers might do by co-operation and thus relieve themselves by helping themselves and each other. This would be found a speedier and more effective way of relief than that which would come from desired changes in our financial policies, even if they were in sight or within reach, which they are not.

MINOR MENTION.

A dispatch Saturday stated that one hundred and seventy five representative Michigan lumber men had arrived at Atlanta on a tour of the South. While we do not believe in turning the cold shoulder to any class of representative business men who visit the South from the North or elsewhere we do not believe we should become enthusiastic over the visits of bodies of lumber men whose purpose in coming South is to spy out the timber lands and take in all that can be taken in if the prices suit. These prices are generally so small as to bear no proportion whatever to the value of the timber leaving out of the count altogether the value of the land upon which the timber grows. When the time comes for working the timber it will be cut down and vast tracts of stumps will remain where once the glorious forest stood. A little of this the South might stand, if our timber-owners got reasonably paid for it, but too much of it may prove a very serious thing. Some of the Northern States are now passing laws to protect what is left of their forests after having foolishly permitted the destruction to go on unchecked for years until they began to suffer from the effects of it, and action to protect became necessary. We should take warning from this and instead of encouraging the destruction of our forests, which are our best protectors, guard them and see that they are not mercilessly slaughtered for the money there may be in them to lumbermen.

* * *

By a vote that was almost strictly partisan, but few Democrats voting with the Republicans, the U. S. Senate on Saturday added a clause to the Consular Appropriation bill, appropriating $500,000 for the construction of a telegraphic cable between the Sandwich islands and the United States. This is significant not only in the way it was hurried through the Senate, but in the statements made by Senator Munderson, of Nebraska, and Lodge, of Massachusetts, both which show that it is the determination of the Republicans in Congress to annex Hawaii, and not only that but to inaugurate a policy of acquisition of territory, wherever it is though such acquisition of territory may prove advantageous. This has not been the policy of this Government heretofore, although the Republicans have leaned that way, and while it is not to be commended unreservedly, if this country is ever to become a great commercial nation she must have stations in the seas where our vessels may find refuge or accommodation without lowering their flags to other nations or running under their guns. This has been the policy of Great Britain and this is one of the means by which she has made herself the great commercial and maritime power she is. The annexation of Hawaii, Cuba and other islands which may be conducive to extending and making stronger our power on the seas is simply a question of time.

CURRENT COMMENT.

— The news from Washington is that the new loan is to be issued at a price equivalent to 3 1 8 or 3 1 5 per cent. It will be nothing less than a scandal if this great, rich nation has to pay more than 3 per cent. for any money it wants to borrow. And the Fifty-third Congress is responsible for that scandal as its author.—*New York World, Dem.*

— Linoleum is a kind of floor covering, a substitute for oilcloth, made of linseed oil and cork, the cork being the body of the fabric. A New Jersey genius has invented a process in which the straw of the long leaf pine (the turpentine pine) takes the place of the cork, and, it is alleged, turns out a better product than the cork based fabric. The Jerseyman's process will utilize any kind, and all Finds of forest leaves, though the pine needles are considered preferable. A plant has been established at Vineland, N. J., and pine needles are shipped there by the bale, where the command the price of $3 50 per ton. The South has an admirable substitute for linseed oil in the cotton seed oil, and pine needles without end. Why should not the South do a little something in the making "linoleum?" *Svvannah News, Dem.*

The law makers of Victoria, Australia, have got the income tax business down fine. They tax all incomes over $1,000, and then they classify them into incomes derived from personal exertion and those derived from property. The former are taxed three pence on the pound on incomes ranging from $1,000 to $11,000, and six pence on all over that. The incomes from property are taxed double these rates. The easier a man makes his income the more he has to pay. What a lively kick there would be from the money centers if such a scheme were proposed in this country.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Raleigh *Visitor*: News was received here to-day of the death of Dr. Hodge, of Kenly. He died of consumption.

— Forest City *Ledger*: The people in the region of Green River, Polk county, are having a bad time on account of mad dogs. A great many cattle are dying of hydrophobia.

— Raleigh *Press*: At the residence of her husband on the Hillsboro road, Mrs. W. K. Crawford peacefully passed away this morning about two o'clock, after a lingering illness. Her death was not unexpected.

— Oxford *Ledger*: One day last week a large chicken hawk concluded he would have a good meal out of one of Mrs. R. Stem's chickens, who lives near Stem. His hawkship got a good opportunity and made for a chicken, which escaped under the house, while the hawk was going with such force that he went through the glass in the front door and killed himself. He measured not quite three feet from tip to tip of wings.

— Wadesboro *Messenger Intelligencer*: The smallest tax receipt we have ever seen was one given to Mr. C. M. Talton Tuesday by Sheriff Wall. It was for four cents—one cent to the State, one cent to schools, and two cents to the county. —Mrs. Rufina Tyson died at her home in Marvin township January 26 h, 1895 in the 59th year of her age. —Wadesboro's cotton receipts for January foot up 762 bales.

— Charlotte *News*: Don't throw away your frozen gold fish. Mr. H. C. Irwin had five in a bowl at his house. Yesterday morning all five were frozen hard in ice. One of them was dead almost double. He was about to throw them away when the thought occurred to him to thaw them out. He poured fresh water into the bowl, and in an hour two of the fish were swimming about as lively as ever. In the course of three hours two more were all right, but the fifth never survived," and was thrown away dead, sure enough. Mr. Irwin says that the fish were really frozen in the ice.

— Salisbury *Herald*: A serious and perhaps fatal accident occurred at Marion yesterday morning. The east bound local freight train was doing some work there and Z b Parker, the rear brakeman, was on the ground giving signals to the engineer. In attempting to cross the track Mr. Parker stumbled and fell. Conductor W. W. Barber saw the brakeman fall and signalled the engineer to stop at once. This was done, but three cars broke loose and caught the unfortunate young man. The wheels ran over him, crushing his left arm between the elbow and wrist and at the shoulder. He was left at Marion and a physician summoned to attend him. The injuries are very severe and may be fatal. Parker's home is in Asheville.

— Charlotte *Observer*: John Ward Roark is a great little fellow. Although only seven months old he saved his own life, and kept his father's house from burning up yesterday morning. About 1 o'clock Mrs. Roark was aroused by hearing Ward making a peculiar noise, as if struggling for breath. As soon as she raised up she real zed that the room was full of smoke. She roused Mr Roark. They ran to the baby's crib, which was near the fire, and discovered that the floor almost under his crib was on fire. He was suffocated with the smoke, and his struggle for breath was the sound that aroused his mother. Mr. Roark ran to a neighbor's to have the alarm turned in, but Mrs. Roark, by quick work, had gotten the fire under control. Ward recovered after a short while and was all right yesterday. It was a narrow escape for the little fellow and his parents.

TWINKLINGS.

— A Natural Question—The subscriptions, you know, are entirely voluntary.

He—Yes, I wonder how much we'll have to give?—*Punch.*

— "Say, Jack, what is the capital of Switzerland?

Jack (who has just returned from abroad)—Why, the money they get from travellers, of course.—*Boston Bulletin.*

— Asker—It's funny that they call old Streicher a confirmed liar.

Basker—So it is when you happen to think that nothing he says is ever confirmed.—*Philadelphia Inquirer.*

— Elaine—I'm sorry I'm not a twin.

Mathilde—Why?

Elaine—So that I could see how I look without a mirror.—*Truth.*

— Old Mr. Goodfello—Little boy, can you tell me the way to the ferry?

Gamin—Yes, sir, just follow the street along where you hear the te-mendous usin' the wust langwidge.—*Harper's Bazar.*

FEW KNOW ABOUT THE SHAKERS OF MOUNT LEBANON.

We do not believe in their peculiar religious views. We cannot enter into the spirit of their sacrifices, and therefore we don't study their habits of life.

It is not necessary to believe as they do, nor to act as they do, but we can and do respect their honesty of purpose, both as far as their principles are concerned and their worldly deeds.

Almost every prominent man has some one specialty in which he excels, especially if he has devoted his life to its study and development.

In one particular the Shakers excel above all others and above all men or classes of men. This is in the cultivation of medicinal herbs and plants. They made this a study for more than one hundred years. They are expert in extracting from them their peculiar essences and medicinal virtues.

This is their peculiar industry. Their lives have been devoted to it. By it they are supported. They excel in this branch as do the Monks of the Order of Benedictine with their famous liqueur.

Now, this lifelong study on the part of the Shakers has not been in vain. They have accomplished much good. Their medical extracts and cordials are known throughout the world.

The Shaker Digestive Cordial is probably the most successful article ever given to the public. It is not a cure for all diseases; it don't pretend to be; but one disease it will cure, and that is indigestion. It is not pretended that it will cure anything else, and a sufferer has not long to wait to see the result.

Almost the first dose will give relief, and if continued a permanent cure will follow. The Shaker motto is "To try all things and hold fast to that which is good." For his purpose the Shakers have put into the hands of the retail druggists who sell their Digestive Cordial, small trial bottles, which can be had for ten cents each, so that for this small sum the reader can know if the Digestive Cordial is adapted to his case.

THE OLD POLICEMAN.

He Knew How to Use Electricity as a Means of Personal Comfort.

Policemen may be an illiterate lot, but they do every now and then contrive some method to get ahead of the ironclad rules which are popularly supposed by the long suffering taxpayer at least to govern their movements.

There is one particular bluecoat who, by virtue of his long service, carries three faded stripes on his coat sleeve, and he honestly believes that he is entitled to some incidental favors. Taken altogether, he is of such a naturally grumpy disposition that he is far from being popular among the police operators.

Notwithstanding all this, Mr. Brass Buttons beat the combination and beat it pretty thoroughly. He had been rather behind time in his hourly communications with headquarters, and his superiors determined to teach him a lesson. Accordingly he was sent to travel a lonely, isolated post, which had a solitary patrol box situated just alongside a deserted but that had once been utilized as a toolhouse by a railroad corporation. It didn't require many hours' presence on the part of the disciplined copper for him to discover that he had been given the best of the deal in this particular transfer, and he immediately set about arranging a scheme whereby he could benefit by his newly acquired advantages.

The much craved boon that he sought was light naps. He had long ago tried the plan of an alarm clock set to go off a few minutes before pulling time, but tired nature had in each instance asserted itself, and his station had failed to hear from him. Now conditions were different, for he had found just what he needed to carry out the clever ruse he had concocted. Running alongside the deserted shanty were two electric light wires fully charged with a current of electricity, and to these the valiant watchdog pinned his faith.

First he once more produced his long ago discarded alarm clock after removing the gong from the top. Next he broke away the glass face, and after making sure that the clock was on time with his watch he made a connection with the electric light wires by means of two small pieces of copper wire. One of these he wound around the minute hand of the clock, and the other he firmly fastened to the framework of the timepiece just over the figures that indicated his hour for pulling up. Then to one of the wires he fastened two more pieces of copper, which he wound about either of his hands. This done, the wily policeman stretched himself out on the floor and enjoyed the desired nap, safe in the knowledge that at the proper moment the meeting of the two wires on the clock would convey to him a shock that was bound to waken him, so he could salute his station through the patrol box.—Chicago Times.

A Dramatist's Rejoinder.

When Colman, the English dramatist, was examined before the committee of the house of commons which sat on the theatrical question, he was asked whether he expunged all oaths or profane swearing from the plays submitted to his revision. He answered:

"Invariably."

"Did you ever count the number of oaths in your own comedies of the 'Heir at Law' and 'John Bull?'"

"Never, but I dare say there are a great many."

"Which you disapprove of?"

"Undoubtedly."

"Do you not think it would have been better to have omitted them?"

"Much better. They disfigure the scenes in which they are introduced and injure the humor."

"Then," concluded the chairman, thinking to clinch the argument, "you are sorry now that you wrote either of those comedies?"

"Quite the contrary," rejoined the licenser. "I rejoice exceedingly to have made a good pudding, although I regret that any bad plums should have crept into it."—New York Advertiser.

At the Jeweler's.

"Oh, papa, see these lovely opals! I don't believe opals are unlucky. Do you?"

"It will be very unlucky for you if you take a fancy to a high priced one, Ethelinda. You won't get it."—Chicago Tribune.

Did You Ever

Try Electric Bitters as a remedy for your trouble? If not, get a bottle now and get relief. This medicine has been found to be peculiarly adapted to the relief and cure of all Female Complaints, exerting a wonderful direct influence in giving strength and tone to the organs. If you have Loss of Appetite, Constipation, Headache, Fainting Spells, or are Nervous Sleepless, Excitable, Melancholy or troubled with Dizzy Spells, Electric Bitters is the medicine you need. Health and Strength are guaranteed by its use. Large bottles only fifty cents at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store.

Don't Tobacco Spit or Smoke Your Life Away.

is the truthful, startling title of a book about No-To-Bac, the harmless, guaranteed tobacco habit cure that braces up nicotinized nerves, eliminates the nicotine poison, makes weak men gain strength, vigor and manhood. You run no physical or financial risk, as No-To-Bac is sold by R. R. BELLAMY & Co. under a guarantee to cure or money refunded. Book free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., New York or Chicago.

SAVED BY FASHION.

LIFE AND LIMB PROTECTED BY THE FADS OF STYLE.

Wall Collars, High Heels and Turned Up Trousers as Life Savers—A Man Held Back From a Watery Grave by His Chimney Pot Hat.

Our dress has often been ridiculed for its want of beauty. We are told there is nothing artistic and in many cases little pertaining to comfort in nineteenth century garments.

The habiliment of some of our continental neighbors is far superior, both in elegance and usefulness, to our own, so it is said, but we do not question this statement, as it is not our present duty to pick out the drawbacks of address that has satisfied us so long.

Ugly as is our customary mode, it has more than once been the means of saving the life of the wearer or been instrumental in preventing accidents which might have proved serious or fatal.

A gentleman wearing a collar of extreme height and rigidity while reposing idly on a heathery moorland fell into a doze, but roused himself to find something moving about his neck, and was just prevented putting his hand on the place by a companion, who at that moment glanced up from his paper.

The troublesome visitor was a large adder, which, coiling its slimy body round the gentleman's throat, would probably have bitten him severely but for the unusual height of the linen band that has been a favorite point of attack of the dress reformers for an inconceivable period.

By an adroit movement the friend caught the reptile behind the head, thus preventing injury to his hand. The collar, however, was impaired in the momentary struggle, and an ugly stain was pointed out as the deadly ejection of the poisonous fangs.

High heels—those peglike elevations which we are induced to believe have caused untold misery to the feet of women of fashion—have at least one good service to their credit—in saving the life of a fair mountaineer.

This foolish person essayed the climbing of precipitous cliffs in French kid boots, with heels of the peculiar bell shape once so fashionable, and on the present occasion it was well that she did not wander far from her companions.

Her activity, despite the unsuitability of her leathern elevations for mountaineering, was irrepressible, and venturing too near the edge of a jutting rock she slipped, and her frightened companions expected to see her dashed to atoms on the ledges below.

But, no! The high heel which had occasioned her fall became entangled in the thick brier branches and was sufficiently strong to support the venturesome woman for the few moments until her friends could obtain a firm grip of her limbs and restore her safely to the mountain path.

When examined, the shoe was found to be nearly dismembered—the heel hanging by a few rivets only. An ordinary mountain boot, with a flat, square heel, would have offered no angle of support for the briers, and under other than the present circumstances the climber would certainly have met with a terrible death.

An incident somewhat similar, but of not so dangerous a character, has been reported of a young fashionable, who had occasion to ride on the outside of an omnibus through a crowded thoroughfare.

Leaning over the rails, he overbalanced himself and would have been thrown in the midst of the traffic but for the reason that the bottoms of his trousers were turned up in that unreasonable style once more prevalent than at present with the exquisites of fashion.

The turned up hem was slung on the edge of the rail, while the scared youth dangled, with frantic arms sprawling, over the windows, with a face as red as a beet root.

A fellow passenger released him from above, and he was permitted to drop into the arms of the conductor. A fall from such an elevation would have meant a dislocated shoulder or a broken leg at least.

What romance or history can be connected with the ugly chimney pot hat? Yet quite lately one of these inartistic creations saved the life of a venture-some gentleman. Strolling beyond high water mark, he suddenly discovered himself caught by the tide, and being hemmed in by beetling, inaccessible rocks all means of escape seemed cut off.

The water rushed in, and the terrified gentleman was taken off his feet, with not a boat in sight to render him deliverance nor a person to hear his distressed cries. Unable to swim, he would soon have been drowned but for a little occurrence which proved his salvation.

During his struggle the silk hat he wore was washed off his head, and the man clutching at it as the only attainable object was surprised to find that it buoyed him up.

His arms were clasped, encircling the brim, while the top of the hat, partly submerged, resisted the water. By maintaining this position he was enabled to keep himself afloat for nearly 15 minutes, at the end of which time a boat rounded the cliffs. The boatman, observing him, quickly rescued him from an inevitable fate.—London Tit Bits.

KATE FIELD'S DECORATION.

In decorating Kate Field for her services to literature France proves that her famous politeness is not wholly a local issue.—New York World.

It is a very distinguished honor that the French government has conferred upon Kate Field by making her an officer of public instruction. It recognizes the power of woman in general and of woman editors in particular.—Boston Herald.

Kate Field has been decorated in France with the distinction of the academic palm. Miss Field is a shining example of the fact that a woman can get along nicely in this life without wearing bloomers or trying to get on the police force.—Washington Star.

Kate Field has been decorated by the French government for her literary services. Kate has excellent literary abilities, but did the French government ever decorate Emerson, Hawthorne, Longfellow, Whittier, Lowell and other old fashioned literary men of like eminence?—Boston Globe.

THE KILLING OF RIORDAN.

If Mr. Fitzsimmons acts that way in more play, Mr. Corbett had better stay on the stage.—Washington Times.

The prize ring is not likely to secure a very heavy boom in the fatal knockout of Riordan by Fitzsimmons.—Boston Globe.

The doctors disagree to a nicety as to whether Mr. Riordan died of Fitzsimmons, of drink or of the knife.—St. Louis Star-Sayings.

Fitzsimmons kills them now with one blow. If he keeps knocking them out like that, he won't have any troop to spar with after awhile.—Atlanta Constitution.

The killing of Riordan by Fitzsimmons by a chance blow in a sparring contest will strengthen the determination of the public to do away with such exhibitions by professionals for gain. The profession of pugilism has received an injury from which it will not recover in a hurry.—Minneapolis Tribune.

Easily Explained.

Jones—I wonder why poets wear their hair long.

Brown—Didn't you ever have your hair cut?

"Yes, of course! What's that got to do with it?"

"Lots. Didn't you have to pay for it?"—*Life.*

POOR PIE

is responsible for many of man's (and woman's) physical woes—but the pie needn't be poor, and it may bring joy instead of woe. How? Use nothing but COTTOLENE for shortening and the pie crust will be delicate, flaky, delicious, and so healthful that even a dyspeptic can eat freely of it and be comfortable. COTTOLENE can't be equaled as a shortening, and is *absolutely* healthful. Genuine has this trade mark on every pail. Take no other. Sold everywhere.

Made only by
The N.K. Fairbank Company,
ST. LOUIS and CHICAGO.

nov 6 tf tu th ss chan c

GEMS OF THOUGHT

You had better be alone than in mean company

Most men are not living, but only preparing to live.

It is better to fail in trying to do good than not to try.

The man who has contentment has something that will do a great deal more for him than money.

There are glimpses of heaven granted to us by every act or thought or word which raises us above ourselves.

It is not every man who can be a great saint or a mighty preacher, but every man can be faithful in his work.

A cheerful temper, joined with innocence, will make beauty attractive, knowledge delightful and wit good natured.

A kind heart is a better vindication of one's belief than any argument. Deeds go farther than words in justifying one's creed.

A Cruel Command.

The marquis was extremely wroth with his valet on account of one of his usual stupid tricks. Calling out to him, he said: "Giovanni! Come and help me on with my topboots. I want to kick you."—Cronaca.

In the sugar corn the conversion of sugar into starch is arrested at a particular point in the growth, the grain does not fill out, and is consequently shriveled.

Wholesale Prices Current.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally, making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately a possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—	
2¼ lbs	@ 6
Standard	7¼@ 7
WESTERN SMOKED—	
Hams ₩ lb	13½@ 14
Sides ₩ lb	6½@ 7@7½
Shoulders ₩ lb	@ 8½
DRY SALTED—	
Sides ₩ lb	6½@ 7
Shoulders ₩ lb	6½@
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—	
Second-hand, each	1 00 @ 1 15
New York, each	1 25 @ 1 40
New City, each	@ 1 40
BEESWAX ₩ lb	@ 30
BRICKS—	
Wilmington, ₩ M	6 50 @ 7 00
Northern	9 00 @ 14 00
BUTTER—	
North Carolina, ₩ lb	15 @ 20
Northern	22 @ 26
CORN MEAL—	
Per bushel, in sacks	@ 55
Virginia Meal	55 @ 57½
COTTON TIES—₩ bundle	@ 70
CANDLES—₩ lb—	
Sperm	18 @ 25
Adamantine	9 @ 10
CHEESE—₩ lb—	
Northern Factory	10 @ 11
Dairy, Cream	11 @ 13
State	@ 10
COFFEE—₩ lb—	27½ @ 28
Laguyra	20 @ 25
Rio	15 @ 19
DOMESTICS—	
Sheeting, 4-4, ₩ yard	6 @ 6¼
Yarns, ₩ bunch	18 @ 20
EGGS—₩ dozen	12½@15 14
FISH—	
Mackerel, No. 1, ₩ barrel	23 00 @ 30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ₩ half-barrel	11 00 @ 15 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ₩ barrel	16 00 @ 18 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ₩ half-barrel	8 00 @ 9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ₩ barrel	13 00 @ 14 00
Mullets, ₩ barrel	3 25 @ 3 50
Mullets, ₩ pork barrel	@ 6 00
N. C. Roe Herring, ₩ keg	3 50 @ 4 00
Dry Cod, ₩ lb	5 @ 10
FLOUR—₩ barrel—	
Western, low grade	3 25 @ 3 50
" Extra	3 75 @ 4 25
" Straight	3 90 @
Second Patent	3 50 @
First Patent	4 25 @ 4 50
City Mills—Superfine	@ 3 50
" Family	5 25 @
GLUE—₩ lb	7½@ 10
GRAIN—₩ bushel—	
Corn, from store, bags—White	55@ 55
Corn, cargo, in bulk—White	54@ 55
Corn, cargo, in bags—White	55@ 55
Corn, mixed, from store	@ 50
Oats, from store	@ 45
Oats, Rust Proof	@ 35
Cow Peas	@ 60
HIDES, ₩ lb—	
Green	@ 4
Dry	@ 8½
HAY, ₩ 100 lbs—	
Eastern	@ 1 00
Western	@ 90
North River	@ 80
HOOP IRON, ₩ lb	@ 7½
LARD, ₩ lb—	
Northern	8½@ 9@
North Carolina	8½@ 9
LIME, ₩ barrel	@ 1 25
LUMBER(city sawed) ₩ M feet—	
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00 @ 20 00
Rough-Edge Plank	15 00 @ 16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	12 00 @ 18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00 @ 22 00
Scantling and Board, common	14 00 @ 15 00
MOLASSES, ₩ gallon—	
New Crop Cuba, in hhds	@ 28
" in bbls	@ 30
Porto Rico, in hhds	25 @ 27½
" in bbls	@ 27
Sugar-House, in hhds	@ 14
" in bbls	@ 16
Syrup, in bbls	35 @ 45
NAILS, ₩ keg, Cut, 60d basis	@ 1 15
OILS, ₩ gallon—	
Kerosene	10 @ 14
Lard	@ 60
Linseed	75 @ 80
Rosin	15 @ 18
Tar	@ 30
Deck and Spar	@ 25
POULTRY—	
Chickens, Live, grown	17½@ 20@½
" Spring	10 @ 30
Turkeys	10 @ 1 00
PEANUTS, ₩ bushel 28 lbs	35 @ 40
POTATOES, ₩ bushel—	
Sweet	30 @ 45
Irish, ₩ barrel	2 50 @ 3 00
PORK, ₩ barrel—	
City Mess	@13 50
Rump	@ 13 00
Prime	@ 13 00
RICE—Carolina, ₩ lb	4 @ 6
Rough—₩ bushel (Upland)	60 @ 70
" (Lowland)	1 00 @ 1 15½
RAGS, ₩ lb—Country	@ 1½
City	@ 1
ROPE, ₩ lb	10 @ 12
SALT, ₩ sack—Alum	@ 75
Liverpool	@ 85
Lisbon	@
American	@ 85
a 125-₩ Sacks	45 @ 50
SHINGLES, 7-inch, ₩ M	5 00 @ 7 00
Common	2 00 @ 2 50
Cypress Saps	4 50 @ 5 00
Cypress Hearts	@ 7 50
SUGAR, ₩ lb—Standard Gran'd	@ 4½
Standard A	@ 4¼
White Ex. C	@ 4
Extra C, Golden	@ 3¾
C, Yellow	@ 3½
SOAP, ₩ lb—Northern	5½@ 6
STAVES, ₩ M—W. O. Barrel	5 00 @ 11
R. O. Hogshead	@10 00
TIMBER, ₩ M feet—Shipping	12 00 @ 13 00
Mill, Prime	8 00 @ 9 50
Mill, Fair	6 50 @ 7 00
Common Mill	4 00 @ 5 00
Inferior to Ordinary	3 00 @ 4 00
TALLOW, ₩ lb	@ 4
WHISKEY, ₩ gallon—Northern	1 00 @ 1
North Carolina	1 00 @ 2
WOOL, ₩ lb—Washed	14 @ 16
Clear of burs	10 @
Burry	@

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, Feb. 11.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Nothing doing.

ROSIN.—Market firm at $1 03½ per bbl. for Strained and $1 07½ for Good Strained.

TAR.—Market firm at $1 00 per bbl. of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Market firm at $1 10 for Hard, $1 50 for Yellow Dip and $1 70 for Virgin.

COTTON—Steady.

Ordinary	2½ cts ₩ lb
Good Ordinary	3½ " "
Low Middling	4 9-16 " "
Middling	5 " "
Good Middling	5 5-16 " "

RECEIPTS.

Cotton	26 bales
Spirits Turpentine	00 casks
Rosin	1,484 bbls
Tar	49 bbls
Crude Turpentine	00 bbls

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, February 11—Evening—Money on call was steady at 1½@2 per cent., with last loan at 1½ per cent., and closing offered at 1½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3½@4 per cent. Sterling exchange firmer, with actual business in bankers' bills at 487½@487½ for sixty days and 488½@489 for demand. Commercial bills 486@486¾. Government bonds steady; United States coupon fours 110¾; United States twos 95. State bonds dull; North Carolina fours 100; North Carolina sixes 125. Railroad bonds lower.

Silver at the Stock Exchange to-day was 59¾ bid.

COMMERCIAL.

NEW YORK, February 11—Evening—Cotton quiet; middling gulf 5¾c; middling uplands 5¾c.

Futures closed quiet and steady; sales 79,800 bales: February 5.41c; March 5.46c; April 5.50c; May 5.55; June 5.59c; July 5.63c. August 5.67c; September 5.73, October 5.79c, November 5.83c.

Net receipts — bales; gross receipts 7,430 bales; exports to Great Britain 3,513 bales; exports to France — bales; exports to the Continent 1,890 bales; forwarded 1,354 bales; sales 4,000 bales; stock (actual) 164,846 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 24 901 bales; exports to Great Britain 6 594 bales; exports to France —, exports to 10 893 the Continent 10,893 bales; stock 963,856 bales.

Total so far this week—Net receipts 41,415 bales; exports to Great Britain 17,2e6 bales; to France — bales; to the Continent 17,825 bales; to the Channel — bales.

Total since September 1—Net receipts 6,840 517 bales; exports to Great Britain 2,494,268 bales; exports to France 628 733 bales; exports to the Continent 1,693,036 bales; to the Channel — bales.

Flour dull but steady at quotations. Winter wheat, low grades $1 90@2 30; fair to fancy grades $2 35@2 75; patents $3 00@3 00; Minnesota clear $2 25@2 60, patents $3 25@4 00; low extras $1 90@2 30. Southern flour dull but steady, common to fair extra $1 90@2 75, good to choice do. $2 80@3 25. Wheat dull and easier; No. 2 red in store and at elevator 57@57½; afloat 58¾c; options dull and without special features, with trading entirely on local account, declining ½c, rallying ¼@½c, closing firm at ½@¾c under Saturday; No. 2 red February 57c; March 57½c, May 58½c; June 58½c; July 59½c; August 59½c. Corn dull and easy; No. 2 at elevator 47¾@48c; afloat 48¾@49½c; steamer mixed 47¾@49; No. 3, 47½@48¾c; options were dull and easier; February 47½c; May 48¾c, July 48¾c. Oats dull but steady; options dull and easier; February, March and May 33c. Spot No. 2 33½@34c; No. 2 white 36½; mixed Western 34@36 cents. Wool quiet and firm; domestic fleece 15@19c; pulled 12@33c; Texas 9@13c. Beef quiet; family $9 75@13 00 extra; mess $7 25@7 75; beef hams dull at $16 00; tierces beef inactive; city extra India mess $12 50@14 50. Cut meats quiet and firm; pickled bellies 5¾c; pickled shoulders 4½; pickled 7½@8c. Lard quiet and quiet and firm; Western steam 5s 87½ city $5 50, February $5 85, nominal; May $7 00, nominal; refined dull. Continent $7 40; South America $7 75; compound $5 00@5 25. Pork quiet and steady; old mess $11 25@13 00; extra prime —. Butter quiet; choice firm; State dairy 10@18c; State creamery 18@20c; Elgins 28@26c. Cotton seed oil quiet and firm, crude 22c; yellow prime 26@26½c; do choice 26½@27c. Petroleum nominal; Washington barrels, New York price $7 00; do in bulk $4 50; refined in New York $5 05; Philadelphia

MAGNETIC NERVINE.

Is sold with written guarantee to cure Nervous Prostration, Fits, Dizziness, Headache and Neuralgia and Wakefulness, caused by excessive use of Opium, Tobacco and Alcohol; Mental Depression, Softening of the Brain, causing Misery, Insanity and Death; Barreness, Impotency, Lost Power in either sex, Premature Old Age, Involuntary Losses, caused by over-indulgence, over-exertion of the Brain and Errors of Youth. It gives to Weak Organs their Natural Vigor and doubles the joys of life; cures Lucorrhoea and Female Weakness. A month's treatment, in plain package, by mail, to any address, $1 per box, 6 boxes $5. With every $5 order we give a Written Guarantee to cure or refund the money. Circulars free. Guarantee issued only by our exclusive agent.

J. HICKS BUNTING, Y. M. C. A. Building.
For sale by JOHN H. HARDIN,
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A LADY'S TOILET
Is not complete without an ideal
COMPLEXION POWDER.
POZZONI'S
Combines every element of beauty and purity. It is beautifying, soothing, healing, healthful, and harmless, and when rightly used is invisible. A most delicate and desirable protection to the face in this climate.
Insist upon having the genuine.
IT IS FOR SALE EVERYWHERE.

feb 4 1y

GOLDEN-EYE WAX BEANS

One of the best and most profitable Wax Snap Beans in cultivation for the Trucker and Market Gardener. Very early; enormously productive; vines stand up well, holding pods off the ground, keeping them clean and attractive. Vines and foliage are remarkably healthy, while the pods are uniform in size, are free from rust and blight, and keep well after picking. To induce a more extended growth of this sort, we offer them at the low price of $4.00 per bushel. Prices of other SNAP BEANS and VEGETABLE SEEDS in quantity quoted on application. WRITE FOR TRUCKER'S PRICE-LIST AND DESCRIPTIVE CATALOGUE.

T. W. WOOD & SONS, Seedsmen, Richmond, Va.

dec 25 D6t tu th sa W2t

Seasonable Goods.

In store, and arriving daily, a choice selection of seasonable goods. We have on hand

RAISINS of every variety, from 8c to 25c per pound.
CITRON, from 15c to 25c per lb.
CURRENTS, all prices, all grades.
NUTS, all prices, all grades.

We would like to call special attention to our assortment of the above goods.

CHEESE—Switzer, Roquefort, Neufchetel, Framage de Bric, Edam, Pineapple, English Dairy and American Cream. All fresh and of finest quality.

Plum Pudding and Mince Meat.

Cakes and Crakers. A beautiful variety of all kinds, too great an assortment to specify. Will have to be seen to be appreciated.

The above are only a few of our specialties. Our assortment is complete and we invite all to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

With four wagons we can deliver promptly.

THE JOHN L. BOATWRIGHT CO.
WILMINGTON, N. C.
Telephone No 14. dec 9 tf

Wholesale and Retail.

TOBACCO,
SNUFF,
CIGARS.
SAMUEL BEAR, Sr.

dec 9

DANVILLE, VA., Dec. 4, 1894.

Lyon Mfg. Co., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Gentlemen:—I have used your **Mexican Mustang Liniment** for over 30 years on my trotting and stage horses for all kind of sprains and bruises that horses are liable to, and consider it the best Liniment in use. I recommend it to all farmers and persons using horses.

T. PAXSON,
Formerly of
Buffalo Lithia Springs, Va.

[Transporter of U. S. mails for 12 years between Buffalo Lithia Springs and Scottsburg, Va. Owner of the celebrated trotting horse "Twister." Now proprietor of Hotel Normandie, Danville, Va.]

The Morning Star.

EPITAPH ON MARY, COUNTESS OF DALKEITH.

[Died April 9, 1728, aged 125.]

Stay, traveler, until my life you read.
The living may get knowledge by the dead.
Five times five years I had a virgin life;
Ten times five years I was a virtuous wife;
Ten times five years I had a widow chase;
Now, weary of my life, I end my race.
I from my cradle to my grave have seen
Eight mighty kings in Scotland and a queen.
Four times five years a commonwealth I saw,
And twice the subject rose against the law.
Twice did I see the proud prelate pulled down,
And twice the cloak was humbled to the ground.
I saw my country sold for English ore,
And haughty Stuart's race subsists no more.
Such revolutions in my time have been.
I have an end of many troubles seen.
—Church Times.

BLUEST OF BIRDS.

In a town of the ancient kingdom of Castile there lived in former ages a youth called Bartolo, who tried to eke out a living by making cages for birds and taking them round to sell at the neighboring villages. But his trade was a poor one, and he judged himself in luck if he sold one cage in a day, and, as may be supposed, he knew what sorrow and privation were.

One day as he was proceeding to a village he heard sounds of revelry, the buzz of many people and the strains of a band of music. This merrymaking was a procession of children dressed in white, carrying in their midst a beautiful child crowned with roses in a chariot covered with white satin and ornamented with acacia and myrtle. This procession was in honor of Maya, the personification of spring, and took place to announce the entry of spring. In front of the little chariot some children danced and held in their hands tin platters for contributions, and, as may be imagined, all, or nearly all, the spectators dropped their coins into them.

Bartolo moved away in a desponding mood, saying to himself as he walked on: "Is this the justice of the world? There they are flinging their money into these platters just because these children come in procession to announce to them that it is the month of May, as though they could not know it by looking in an almanac. They barter and grind me down to the lowest price for my cages even when I chance to sell one."

Full of these bitter thoughts, he walked on sadly, for the voices of two importunate enemies were making themselves heard within him. These were hunger and thirst. The one clamored for food and the other for drink. Bartolo had nothing in his wallet but his clasp knife and bad had naught for his breakfast but hopes, and these made him sharp and active.

He had reached a plantation when he perceived a well dressed individual coming toward him. Pressed by hunger, Bartolo, taking his cap off respectfully, approached and said:

"Excuse me, sir, but could you kindly give me a trifle? I promise I will return it as soon as I earn some money."

"Don't you think that it is a shameful thing for a man like you—young and with a good, healthy appearance—to be demanding charity of people? Does it not strike you that you have a duty to earn your living by working at your trade?"

"Yes, sir, certainly, but my trade does not fulfill its own duty. Most people like to see the birds flying about free rather than in cages, and therefore day by day I find myself poorer than before."

At first the stranger doubted what he heard, but the birdcage maker gave him so detailed an account of his work and the small profits he derived that he became interested and sympathized with his ill fortune. Bartolo was a man who always knew how to excite great interest in himself.

"Come, come," the stranger said, smiling. "I will do something for you. As I cannot find customers for your cages, I will afford you a powerful means by which you shall never more be in want."

He then blew a whistle, and Bartolo saw flying before him a bird blue as the sky, which came and perched on one of his cages.

"See here," added the stranger, "what will compensate for all your past misery. From this day forward you have only to formulate a wish and say slowly and distinctly, 'Bluest of bluebirds, do your duty,' and your wish will be granted to you."

"By my faith!" cried the birdcage maker, "but I will try it at once. For the last 20 years I have wished to kill hunger. 'Bluest of bluebirds, do your duty!'"

Scarcely were the words out of his mouth than he saw suddenly spread before him on the grass a breakfast fit for a prince laid on a service of exquisite silver and glass and the whitest of cloths. Bartolo, astonished, flung himself on his knees before his benefactor to thank him, but he raised him up, saying:

"I am the good genius of the honest workingmen of Castile. Sit down and eat without fear. Take advantage of your lucky star," and then suddenly disappeared.

Bartolo reverently bent down and kissed the spot upon which he had stood, unable to find adequate expression of his gratitude.

He then sat down and ate his breakfast. After his meal Bartolo judged that a man who had feasted in such an elegant manner ought to have other better clothing than his well worn working suit, and lifting his staff he cried to the bird, "Bluest of bluebirds, do your duty!" In an instant his old suit became transformed into one of richest velvet, embroidered in gold and silver, and his rough staff into a splendid horse fully caparisoned and having round its neck a collar of silver bells.

More astonished than ever, Bartolo suspended to the saddle the cage with the bluebird, leaped on the horse and went his way as proud of his dress as a donkey of its ears.

Setting spurs to his horse, he soon reached the gates of a splendid castle. Some feast was taking place within. The guests were all seated under a shady bower deploring that they had been disappointed of the minstrels who were to have played.

Bartolo, on learning this, advanced to the bower, and after elegantly saluting the lord and lady of the castle in a most refined voice said:

"If it be right for a simple knight to offer his services to such a distinguished company of rank and beauty, I think I could promise to provide what you are requiring."

"Oh, do, at once, please!" cried all the ladies, who were longing to dance.

"Bluest of bluebirds, do your duty!" said Bartolo.

Suddenly in the distance was heard the noise of many feet, and a troop of musicians with their instruments appeared, to the great delight of the company.

The lord of the castle thanked the stranger and desired him to open the ball with his eldest daughter, a maiden fair and lovely, like a snow bird.

When the ball was at its height, the birdcage maker ordered an elegant banquet to be served, during which the bluest of bluebirds was commanded to sing some songs, which were very much admired. Games of chance followed, and Bartolo, taking advantage of his good fortune, distributed among the ladies pearls, bracelets and rings of precious stones. All those present were surprised beyond measure because the lord of the castle was known to be extremely niggardly and mean.

The lord of the castle, who knew how all this had been done through the agency of the bird and being himself of an inordinately avaricious nature, thought he might do a fine stroke of business were he to purchase the bird. Hence, calling his unknown guest away to his study, he proposed to him to purchase the bird for what price he should quote.

"You would never give me my price," replied Bartolo.

"For it I would give my castle, with its nine forests," said the lord of the castle.

"It is not enough."

"Very well, I will add my olive plantations and vineyards."

"That is still insufficient," cried Bartolo.

"I will add the orchards, gardens and houses."

"I want something else."

"What, still more? Why, man, you must want paradise itself."

"Not so. I want what you can give me this very moment. I want your daughter with whom I danced just now. Let her be my bride."

"What, my daughter?" cried the old miser in an ecstasy of joy. "By my faith, we shall soon conclude the bargain. Why did you not say so before?"

He went to seek the girl and told her of the engagement he had entered into. But his daughter, in utter amazement, cried out:

"But what if he is a wicked elf and all he does be witchcraft?"

"You have an amulet of coral hanging from your neck. It is an antidote against all witchery."

"And what if he be satan himself?"

"I will give you a piece of blessed candle, and he will have no power over you," replied the unrelenting father.

Taking her hand, he led her to the stranger, who was already on his horse, and assisted her to mount behind her future husband. Taking the cage with the bluest of bluebirds, he watched the retreating forms of the pair as the horse carried them away swifter than the wind, and when out of sight he proceeded to join his guests. The company was all gathered in knots discussing the extraordinary powers of the bird and all the events which had taken place.

"Peace, peace!" cried the lord of the castle as he entered. "I will perform more marvelous things than ever he did. I have given him my daughter to wed in exchange for the bird, and this bluebird will render me more wealthy than the king of Aragon. Approach and see the wonders I will work with it."

He took the cage, and lifting it up to look at the bird was astonished to find that it was not blue at all, but a large gray bird, which turned to stare at him in an insolent manner, gave a fierce peck at the door of the cage with its beak, flung it open and flew out of the window, uttering a terrible screech.

The lord of the castle stood with open mouth, not knowing what to do or say. His guests broke out in peals of laughter at his discomfiture and the well deserved punishment for his unseemly avarice of exchanging his beautiful daughter for a worthless bird.

Meanwhile Bartolo was galloping on with his bride to the nearest town to be married, and when he arrived at the first hostelry he wished to dismount and engage the most splendid suit of apartments for his intended bride, but he found himself utterly penniless.

He had not calculated that in parting with the bird he had parted with his luck, and therefore as soon as he dismounted the horse disappeared, and his elegant dress became changed for the shabby one he had worn before he met the kind individual who had wished to befriend him. When the beautiful daughter of the lord of the castle beheld the transformation which had taken place, she ran back to her father as fast as she could, fright lending wings to her feet.

Bartolo had to return to his old life of making cages and to his miserable existence.—From the Spanish in Strand Magazine.

Serpents' Movements.

The serpent moves by elevating the scales on its abdomen and using them to push the body forward. The windings are always horizontal. The artists who represent the sinuosities as vertical have never observed the animal in motion. It is impossible for it to move in that way.

TURF TOPICS.

Directina is the name of the filly by Direct, out of Directum's dam.

R. A. Swigert, Lexington, Ky., will retire from the breeding business.

Yo El Rey has been broken to harness and is said to be a beautiful trotter.

Sternchaser is rather a dubious name for a race horse. The name is borne by an Australian winner.

In the mining town of Coolgardie, Australia, water enough to satisfy a thirsty pair of horses costs $10.

Within the year Hickory Jim, Jim Davis and Frank Goodale—horse, owner and jockey—a remarkable trio, all died.

There are now three stallions that have over 100 standard performers in the list—Electioneer, Nutwood and Red Wilkes.

The fund being raised for the benefit of the widow of Tom Corrigan, the famous Australian jockey, now amounts to $11,050.

Hamlin has the 2:00 trotter—Lord of the Manor—and Salisbury has the 2:00 pacer—Directly. So both say—and they will both be out next year.

Secretary J. Sterling Morton states that there is no authority warranting the interference of the United States government in the sale of horse meat.

The stakes run for on the flat during the English racing season of 1894 amount to over $2,894,500, showing an increase in value upon last year of $90,000.—Horseman.

NOVELTIES IN SILVER.

Silver plated marmalade frames are new.

The necessities of the typewriter are bringing out new styles of pointed erasers.

The union of silver gilt filigree and enamel is producing some of the most artistic articles now seen.

The most convenient soap rack yet produced has just come out. It is an oval ring, with crossbars on a low standard.

There are round oxidized brooches and others in dull silver, in which turquoises are set or imitation stones in colored enamels.

Silver supports and inclosures for the messy mucilage bottle are of consideration sufficient to be brought out in a variety of styles.

Tea caddy spoons are going to have their day, now that the tea drinking season has set in. Anything now that refers to the afternoon tea table is of importance.

Silver shaving cups as amended are set in shallow cups. Into these the alcohol is poured and set on fire without the bother of a wick. The flames surround the sides of the center cup instead of being beneath.—Jewelers' Circular.

BEAT THE TRAIN DISPATCHER.

This Operator Used to Get Sleepy and Had the Locomotive Wake Him.

Operators who keep lonely vigil at night in little out of the way railway stations lead lives which are anything but enviable. The usual hours are from 7 p. m. until 7 a. m., and how those 12 weary hours drag only a man having had experience knows.

On most railroads a night man at way stations must report to the dispatcher's office by wire as often as once an hour in order that the dispatcher may know that sleep has not overcome the senses of the lonely "owl." Now this very necessary thing—sleep—is the most bitter enemy the "owl" has to contend with, but the manner in which he indulges it is sometimes amusing, to say the least.

All sorts of contrivances to serve as an "eye opener" are conceived by the knights of the key, but the ingeniousness of a man who a few years ago "held down" a night station on the Fitchburg road caps the climax.

From the time of his first taking the position he was the source of more annoyance to the dispatcher because of his little "naps" than all the other operators combined. So after having been "hauled over the coals" innumerable times and the promise that the next offense meant dismissal Mr. "Owl" began to think.

Taking a stout cord and fastening it to the outer rail of the track in front of his window, he ran it through a hole into the office. Then perching himself upon a table he tied the cord around his waist, closed his eyes and slept on "without a care for the morrow."

When the first train came bowling into the station, the cowcatcher of the engine came in contact with the cord attached to the rail, and Mr. "Owl" suddenly found himself lying on the floor wide awake.

By this method he was always on hand to report the arrival and departure of trains, and the dispatcher in Boston wondered how it was that Mr. "Owl" had become so prompt.—Telegraphers' Herald.

ART OF REMEMBERING.

All Sorts of Systems Have Been In Use From Time Immemorial.

The art of rendering artificial aid to the memory by associating in the mind things difficult to remember with those which are easy of recollection is said to have originated with the Egyptians. The first person to reduce it to a system was, according to Cicero, the poet Simonides, who lived 500 B. C. His plan is known as the topical or locality plan and was in substance as follows: Choose a large house, with a number of differently furnished apartments in it. Impress upon the mind carefully all that is noticeable in the house, so that the mind can readily go over the parts. Then place a series of ideas in the house—the first in the hall, the next in the sitting room, and so on with the rest. Now, when one wishes to recall these ideas in their proper succession, commence going through the house, and the idea placed in each department will be found to readily recur to the mind in connection with it.

It is related that the mnemonic plan was first suggested to the poet by a tragic occurrence. Having been called from a banquet just before the roof of the house fell and crushed all the rest of the company, he found on returning that the bodies were so mutilated that no individual could be recognized, but by remembering the places which they had severally occupied at the table he was able to identify them. He was thus led to notice that the order of places may by association suggest the order of things.—Philadelphia Press.

The Chinchilla.

The tiny chinchilla, not more than 12 inches long, with a plump little body on short, stout legs, thrives only in the tropics. New York's supply of chinchilla skins comes from Peru and Venezuela chiefly. The little beasts have to be killed with the utmost precaution not to injure their fur, that grows on a skin nearly as tender and soft as a web of silk. They are not common animals nor abundant in their South American haunts, so that a perfect chinchilla skin when it arrives, customs paid, in the port of New York, easily fetches $10 or $12 for its hand's breadth of fur. To keep in good condition the delicate pelt and the making up of small bits into the large barrel shaped muffs and circular cape collars worn this season easily make a chinchilla wrap more costly than ermine or sable. A perfect skin, not larger than a small pocket handkerchief, is a revelation in fur growth. The texture of every hair is finer than floss silk, the length of it nearly an inch and the coloring about that of the soft undyed marabout feathers.—New York Sun.

A Historic Highway.

Massachusetts avenue, from Dorchester to the battlefield of Concord, through Boston, Cambridge, Arlington and Lexington, is a magnificent drive on a pleasant day, with a moderately dry roadbed and the absence of flying dust. More points of historic interest are in view in this continuous avenue of 20 miles than in any similar excursion route in the country, not excepting St. George's avenue, the ante-Revolutionary military road that traverses New Jersey 100 miles between the cities of New York and Philadelphia, passing through Newark, Rahway and Trenton.—Boston Budget.

Herbivorous Animals.

Herbivorous animals do not eat all of nature's menu. The horse refuses the water hemlock that the goat eats with avidity, and, on the other hand, the goat refuses some plants that are eaten by the sheep. The tobacco plant is avoided by all save the goat, man and the tobacco worm. Some botanists think that no plant is absolutely poisonous, but only relatively so, being harmful to only certain animals.

THE SCIENTIST.

Idiocy has been successfully treated by sawing away sections of the brain.

Signor Schiaparelli, the eminent astronomer of Italy, treats with great scorn the suggestion that the inhabitants of the planet Mars are signaling to the earth.

Professor Carl Henry, the noted meteorologist and all around scientist, estimates that the energy of the average lightning stroke is equal to that generated by a 100 horsepower engine in ten hours of constant work.

Dr. Gunther, a private docent at the Berlin university, has discovered a bacillus which lives in the soil, whereas the bacilli hitherto known live in water or in animal organs alone. So far as is yet known, it is harmless.

The sun heat falling on one square mile corresponds to over 750 tons of water raised every minute from the freezing point to the boiling. The sun's heat falling on the earth in each minute would raise to boiling 37,000,000,000 tons of water.

THE CHICAGO ASTEROID.

The Battle of a Week.

The battle of a Week was the great conflict at Tours, in which Charles Martel overthrew the Saracens, A. D. 732. The members of the Saracen army are variously estimated at from 400,000 to 700,000, and the monkish historians say that 375,000 were killed on the field. It is suspected that these figures are a gross exaggeration, but it is certain that few battles of history have been either so bloody or so decisive.

GENERAL MILES' BOYHOOD.

Loved Fishing and Was the Leader of an "Indian" Band.

When General Miles was a boy, he had few companions near his home, for it was a farming region and sparsely settled. His only brother, 12 years older than himself, left home early, and his two sisters being much older Nelson was left much to himself.

On Saturdays and other holidays the schoolboys frequently met by appointment at the home of one of their number. They formed themselves into bands and clans and drilled or carried on miniature warfare. They re-enacted scenes of the Indian and Revolutionary wars. The leaders drew lots to settle who should be "the British," "the Injins" or "the 'Mericans."

Nelson Miles frequently led one band. They made expeditions through the open wooded country. Sometimes imagining themselves roving Indians, they built wigwams, and sometimes as pioneer settlers they built log huts. They laid ambuscades, attacked strongholds, captured parties and did many other adventurous things. Their costumes were gathered from the farmhouse garrets and consisted of colonial, continental, 1812 and train band uniforms—formerly common in old New England families—and imitations of the dress of the Narragansett and Iroquois Indians. The weapons were old flint lock muskets, shotguns, rusty swords, tomahawks and bows and arrows.

It is easy to infer that the Miles boy had military aspirations, and that the promise of an appointment to West Point when he should be of the required age would have been hailed by him with delight. But a farmer's boy without relatives or friends with political influence had no hope of such an appointment in those days, when cadetships went by favor and not by competitive examination.—New York Press.

The Judge and the Cyclist.

A jocular cyclist, well known in the Copenhagen sporting world, had to answer a summons for riding on the footpath leading to Lyngby church. The judge thundered out the words, "You have been cycling on the Lyngby church footpath?"

The cyclist nodded assent.

"You will have to pay a fine of 4 kroner."

The accused took four coins out of his pocket and laid them on the bar. "But tell me, your worship, have Prince Waldemar and Princess Marie permission to cycle on the path in question?"

The judge rubbed his nose.

"Um! No, certainly not. Is this your first offense?"

"Yes, your worship, and my last," answered the culprit.

"Well, then, I will let you off with a caution this time."

Our cyclist gathered up his money, made his bow and walked off. But when he had got to the door the judge called out to him:

"Hello, you there, did you actually see Prince Waldemar and Princess Marie riding on that path?"

"I? No, your worship," replied the cyclist, with a twinkle in his eye, and was gone.—Handelstidningen.

The Bicycle.

If a prophetic genius of 30 years ago had ventured the opinion that this generation would enjoy the use of a machine which man's own physical strength could drive 30 miles an hour or faster even, his incredulous hearer would have been likely to whisper "steam." Yet we have today such a machine, not only established in the favor of thousands of young men given naturally to activity, but rapidly capturing the respect and the fancy of people of all sexes, sizes and pursuits, to whom the hitherto known forms of exercise have been difficult or impossible. The bicycle has created a sentiment for itself and for the outdoor customs it leads to which amount to a genuine cult. The generic name of "wheelman" describes a wheelman indeed in spirit and in habit both.—New York Sun.

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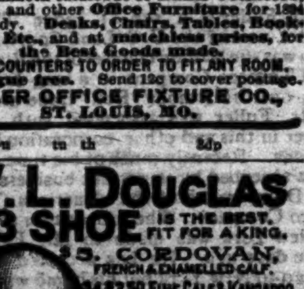
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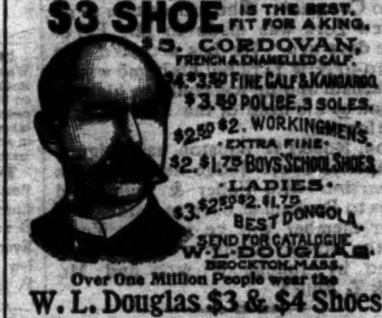

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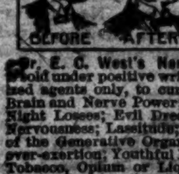

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ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT JAN. 27th, 1895.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTHBOUND.

DAILY 9.30 A M — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.56 a m, Warsaw 11.10 a m, Goldsboro 12.05 a m, Wilson 1.0 p m, Rocky Mount 2.33 p m, Tarboro 2.48 p m, Weldon 3.4 p m, Petersburg 5.88 p m, Richmond 6.45 p m, Norfolk 6.5 p m, Washington 11.10 p m, Baltimore 12.43 a m, Philadelphia 3.45 a m, New York 6.53 a m, Boston 3.00 p m.

DAILY 7.00 P M — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.31 p m, Warsaw 8.45 p m, Goldsboro 9.10 p m, Wilson 10.27 p m, Tarboro 6.58 a m, Rocky Mount 11.13 p m, Weldon 12.53 a m, Norfolk 10.25 a m, Petersburg 2.43 a m, Richmond 3.40 a m, Washington 7.00 a m, Baltimore 8.30 a m, Philadelphia 10.46 a m, New York 1.23 p m, Boston 8.30 p m.

SOUTHBOUND:

DAILY 3.30 P M — No. 15—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.48 p m, Chadbourn 5.15 p m, Marion 6.21 p m, Florence 7.00 p m, Atkin 8.09 p m, Sumter 8.36 p m, Columbia 10.00 p m, Denmark 6.18 a m, Augusta 8.0 a m, Macon 11.?0 a m, Atlanta 12.15 p m, Charleston 11.18 p m, Savannah 1.19 a m, Jacksonville 7.0 a m, St. Augustine 12.00 noon, Tampa 5.30 p m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.30 P M — No. 47—Passenger—Leave Boston 1.00 p m, New York 9.00 p m, Philadelphia 12.05 a m, Baltimore 2.50 a m, Washington 4.30 a m, Richmond 9.05 a m, Petersburg 9.50 a m, Norfolk 8.40 a m, Weldon 11.58 a m, Tarboro 12.20 p m, Rocky Mount 1.05 p m, Wilson 2.06 p m, Goldsboro 2.55 p m, Warsaw 3.49 p m, Magnolia 4.03 p m.

DAILY 10.00 a m — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 11.00 p m, New York 9.00 a m, Philadelphia 11.38 a m, Baltimore 2.13 p m, Washington 3.30 p m, Richmond 7.11 p m, Petersburg 7.4 p m, Norfolk 2.10 p m, Weldon 9.27 p m, †Tarboro 5.5 p m, Rocky Mount 10.30 p m, arrive Wilson 11.03 p m, leave Wilson 6.35 a m, Goldsboro 7.20 a m, Warsaw 8.16 a m, Magnolia 8.29 a m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 11.50 A m — No. 56—Passenger—Leave Tampa 9.30 a m, Sanford 1.5 a m, Jacksonville 6.3 p m, Savannah 12.00 night, Charleston 4.12 a m, Columbia 5.0 a m, Atlanta 7.1 a m, Macon 9.0 a m, Augusta 2.10 p M, Denmark 4.37 p m, Sumter 6.43 p m, Atkins 7.0 a m, Florence 8.25 a m, Marion 9.06 a m, Chadbourn 1.10 a m, Lake Waccamaw 10.2 a m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.40 p m, Halifax 4.00 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 4.55 p m, Greenville 6.37 p m, Kinston 7.35 p m. Returning, leave Kinston 7.20 a m, Greenville 8.20 a m. Arriving Halifax at 11.00 a m, Weldon 11.20 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 7.00 a. m., arrive Parmele 8.40 a. m., Tarboro 9.50; returning leave Tarboro 4.50 p m; Parmele 6.10 p. m. arrives Washington 7.35 p. m. Daily except Sunday. Connects with trains on Scotland Neck Branch.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, at 5.00 p m; Sunday 5.00 p m; arrive Plymouth 9.00 p m, 5.20 p m. Returning, leave Plymouth daily except Sunday 6.00 a m, Sunday 9.30 a m; Arrive Tarboro 10.25 a m and 11.45 a m.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N C., daily except Sunday, 6.05 a m; arrive Smithfield N. C., 7.30 a m. Returning, leaves Smithfield, N. C. 8.00 a m; arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 9.30 a m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p m, arrives Nashville 5.05 p m, Spring Hope 5.30 p m. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 8 a m, Nashville 8.35 a m; arrive Rocky Mount 9.05 a m, daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton Daily except Sunday at 4.10 p m; returning leave Clinton at 7.20 a m., connecting at Warsaw with main line trains.

Trains on South and North Carolina Railroad leave Atkins at 9.40 a m and 6.30 p m, arrive Lucknow 1.10 a m and 8 p. m; returning leave Lucknow 6.45 a m and 4.20 p m; arrive Atkins 8.15 a m and 5.50 p m.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 7.40 a m, arrive Latta 8.10 a m, Dunbar 7.50 p m, Dillon 8.22 a m. Leave Dillon 6.15 p m, Dunbar 6.30 a m, Latta 6.28 p m, arrive Pee Dee 6.?? p m, daily except Sunday.

Wilmington, Chadbourn and Conway Railroad leave Hub 8.15 a m, Chadbourn 9.00 a m, arrive Conway at 1?.?0 p m, leave Conway 2.00 p m, Chadbourn 5.35 p m, arrive Hub 6.20 p m, Daily except Sunday.

Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence 7.25 a m 8.? a m, 8.50 p m, arrive Darlington 8.15 a m 9.0 a m, 9.15 p m, Hartsville 10.15 p m, Cheraw, S. C., 10.35 a m, Wadesboro 12.30 p m, Leave Wadesboro 2.00 p m, Cheraw 3.15 p m, Hartsville 4.30 a m, Darlington 6.05 p m, 4.30 p m 5.25 a m, arrive Florence 6.4 p m, 5 p m, 6 a m. Daily except Sunday.

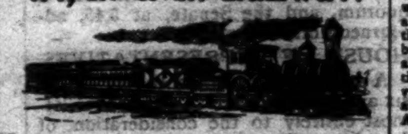
Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 5.50 p m, Manning 6.31 p m, arrive Lane 7 p m, leave Lanes 3.38 a m, Manning 9.15 a m. arrive Sumter 9.44 a m. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lanes 9.50 a m, 7.10 p m, arrive Georgetown 12 a m, 8.30 p m, leave Georgetown 7 a m, 3 p m, arrive Lanes 8.25 a m, 5.20 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 2.08 p m, 11.08 p m, arrive Selma 2.58 p m, Smithfield 3.?8 p m, Dunn 3.44 p m, Fayetteville 4.3 p m, 12.53 a m, Rowland 5.5 p m, leave Rowland 8.39 p m, Fayetteville 10.10 a m, 9.12 p m, Dunn 11.12 a m, Smithfield 11.44 a m, Selma 11.?? a m, arrive Wilson 12.42 p m, 11.15 p m.

H. M. EMERSON, Ass't Gen'l Passenger Agent.
J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager. jan 5 tf

W., N. & N. Railway.



In Effect Sunday, Jan. 27, 1895.
DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

NORTH BOUND 4	NORTH BOUND 2	STATIONS	SOUTH BOUND 1	SOUTH BOUND 3
P M	A M	—WILMINGTON—	A M	P M
2 30	7 ?	Lv. Mulberry street ...Ar	12 00	7 ?
	7 ??	Lv. Surry street ...Ar		6 50
4 22	8 ??	Lv. Jacksonville ...Lv	10 07	4 20
4 54	10 57	Lv. Maysville ...Lv	9 ?	3 ?
5 08	11 1?	Lv. Pollocksville ...Lv	9 2	3 00
5 4?	12 00	Ar. Newbern ...Lv	8 4	2 ?
P M	M		A M	P M

Trains 1 and 4 make close connection with trains on A. & N. C. R. R. for Morehead City and Beaufort.

Steamers on New River leave Jacksonville at 7.30 a m; returning leave Marine's 12 m, arriving at Jacksonville 3.00 p m, connecting with trains 4 and 3.

H. A. WHITING, General Manager.
J. W. MARTENIS, Traffic Manager. jan 29 tf

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Carolina Central R. R.

CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

WESTBOUND TRAINS.

Wilmington, N C Jan. 20, 1895	No 41 Daily	No. 23 Daily	No 403 Daily
	P. M	P. M	A. M
Leave Wilmington	3 20	7 30	......
		A. M.	
Leave Maxton	6 1	12 5?	......
Arrive Hamlet	7 00	2 15	......
Leave Hamlet	7 15	3 00	7 54
Leave Wadesboro	7 55	4 2?	8 16
Arrive Monroe	8 55	5 5?	9 2?
Leave Monroe	9 20	6 3?	9 37
Arrive Charlotte	10 10	7 45	10 25
Leave Charlotte			10 35
Leave Lincolnton			11 ??
			P. M
Leave Shelby			12 4?
Arr Rutherfordton			2 10

EASTBOUND TRAINS.

	No. 38 Daily	No. 26 Daily	No 402 Daily
	A. M.	P M	P. M.
Lve Rutherfordton	......	......	4 25
Leave Shelby	......	......	5 58
Leave Lincolnton	......	......	6 55
Arrive Charlotte	......	......	8 20
Leave Charlotte	5 50	8 50	8 20
Arrive Monroe	6 30	10 45	9 0
Leave Monroe	6 50	11 15	9 15
Leave Wadesboro	7 48	12 25	9 54
		A. M.	
Arrive Hamlet	8 41	1 40	10 24
Leave Hamlet	8 45	2 15	
Leave Maxton	9 28	3 21	
	P. M.		
Arrive Wilmington	12 30	7 50	

Schedule Between Wilmington and Raleigh.

Leave Wilmington	3 20 p m	7.30 p m
Arrive Raleigh	1.3 a m	11 0 a m
Leave Raleigh	5 ?3 a m	3.43 p m
Arrive Wilmington	12 30 p m	7 5 a m

Schedule between Wilmington and Atlanta.

Leave Wilmington	3.20 p m	7 30 p m
Arrive Atlanta	5 2 a m	4 00 p m
Leave Atlanta	9.15 p m	1 10 p m
Arrive Wilmington	12.30 p m	7 10 a m

Sleepers on 25 and 26 between Wilmington and Charlotte.

Close connection at Athens by No. 23 for Macon, and close connection at Atlanta by Nos. 5 and 4 for Mobile, New Orleans, Nashville and all Southern, Western and Northwestern points.

Close connection by 15 and 41 for Augusta.

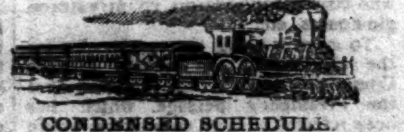
Nos. 40? and 402, "Atlanta Special," fast vestibule, daily for all points North, South and West.

Connections made at Lincolnton for Western N. C. points.

Junction Points—At Maxton with C F & Y V; at Wadesboro with Cheraw & Salisbury R R; at Hamlet with R & A, C S & N, and Palmetto Railway, at Monroe with G C & N; at Charlotte with R & D system; at Lincolnton with C & L Narrowgauge, and at Shelby and Rutherfordton with the Three C's.

For information as to rates, schedules, &c., apply to THOS. D. MEARES, Agent S A L Wilmington, N C.
V. E. McBEE, Supt. Trans.
E. ST. JOHN, Vice President.
JNO. H. WINDER, Gen'l Mgr.
T. J. ANDERSON, Gen'l Pass. Agt. jan 20 tf

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railway Co.
JOHN GILL, Receiver.



CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

IN EFFECT JAN. 27, 1895

SOUTH BOUND DAILY No. 1.	MAIN LINE.	NORTH BOUND DAILY No. 2.
7 5 p. m	Ar... Wilmington ...Lv	7 25 a. m
4 45 "	Lv... Fayetteville ...Ar	10 3 "
4 33 "	Ar... Fayetteville ...Lv	10 55
4 28 "	Ar Fayetteville Junc Lv	10 58 "
3 17 "	Lv.... Sanford .....Ar	12 18 "
1 32 "	Lv......Climax......Lv	2 20 p. m
1 01 "	Lv....Greensboro....Ar	2 10 "
2 28 "	Ar....Greensboro....Lv	2 55 "
11 13 "	Lv....Stokesdale....Ar	4 5 "
11 45 a m	Lv...Walnut Cove...Ar	3 55 "
11 35 "	Ar...Walnut Cove...Lv	4 13 "
11 06 "	Lv....Rural Hall...Lv	5 01 "
9 45 "	Lv.....Mt Airy.....Ar	6 35 "

SOUTH BOUND DAILY No 3.	Bennettsville Division.	NORTH BOUND DAILY No. 4.
7 50 p m	Ar...Bennettsville...Lv	7 30 a. m.
6 38 "	Lv......Maxton......Lv	8 37 "
6 02 "	Lv...Red Springs....Lv	9 15 "
5 10 "	Lv....Hope Mills....Lv	10 10 "
4 46 "	Lv....Fayetteville...Ar	10 35

SOUTH BOUND Daily except Sunday. No. 15. MIXED.	Factory and Madison Branches.	NORTH BOUND Daily except Sunday. No. 16. MIXED.
5 10 p m	Ar......Ramseur......Lv	6 50 a. m.
4 00 "	Lv......Climax......Lv	8 35 "
3 05 "	Lv....Greensboro....Ar	9 20 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 16. MIXED. daily ex su
Leave Greensboro..................	9 35 a. m
Leave Stokesdale..................	10 55 "
Arrive Madison....................	11 15 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 15 MIXED. daily ex su
Leave Madison.....................	12 30 p
Leave Stokesdale..................	1 32 "
Arrive Greensboro.................	2 15 "

NORTH-BOUND CONNECTIONS.

Trains Nos 2 and 4 make close connection at Fayetteville Junction with the Atlantic Coast Line for all points North and East. Train No. 2 connects at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line, North and South-bound, and at Greensboro with the Richmond & Danville Railroad, North and South-bound, and at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk & Western R. R. for Winston-Salem. Train No. 16 connects at Madison with Norfolk & Western Railroad for Roanoke and all points North and West.

SOUTH-BOUND CONNECTIONS.

Train No. 1 makes close connection at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk & Western Railroad for Roanoke and all points North and West; and at Greensboro with the Richmond & Danville Railroad, North and South-bound, and at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line for all Points North and South, and at Fayetteville Junction with Atlantic Coast Line for Charleston, Jacksonville, and all Florida points. Train No. 3 connects at Maxton with the Seaboard Air Line for Charlotte, Atlanta and all points South.

W. E. KYLE,
Gen'l Passenger Agent.
J. W. FRY,
Gen'l Manager.
jan 26 tf

PALMETTO RAILROAD CO.

To Take Effect on Sept. 23, 1894.

MOVING NORTH.

No. 2—PASSENGER AND FREIGHT.

Leave Cheraw, S. C.	6 30 a m
Leave Kollock Station........	6 50 a m
Leave Osborne, N. C..........	7 20 a m
Arrive Hamlet, N. C..........	7.40 a. m

MOVING SOUTH.

No. 1—PASSENGER AND FREIGHT.

Leave Hamlet, N. C..........	8.40 a m
Arrive Osborne, N. C.........	9 00 a m
Leave Kollock Station........	9 30 a m
Arrive Cheraw, S. C..........	9.50 a m

Close connection made at Hamlet with trains North South, East and West.

sep 25 tf MONCURE, Supt.

CHOICE
Seed Potatoes.
HOULTON
EARLY ROSE.
Red Rust Proof Oats.
COFFEE, SUGAR, FLOUR,
Meat, Salt,
MOLASSES, &c., &c.
WORTH & WORTH.
jan 17 tf

Cotton Mills

A SPECIALTY. THEIR ORGANIZATION. Equipment and Construction arranged. Plans, specifications and superintendence furnished for all kinds of Textile Mills. Mill sites and powers examined and reported upon.

ARTHUR F. GRAY.
Mill Architect and Engineer,
Exchange Building, 53 State St.,
Boston, Mass.
jan 24 1m

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

TUESDAY MORNING, FEB. 12, 1895

WASHINGTON NEWS.

Treasury Statement—The Gold Reserve—Reciprocity Tariff with Cuba—The Financial Question.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

WASHINGTON, February 10.—The Treasury gold reserve at the close of business to-day stood at $41,163,712, all known withdrawals being deducted. The delayed mails of the past few days, now in, show that withdrawals have taken place in driblets at various sub-treasuries. The "ten days" statement issued to-day shows that custom receipts at New York for the first week of February aggregated $2 239 712, more than $3,000 000 less than for the ten days of January. The January receipts were abnormally swollen from duties on woollen goods taken out under the new tariff schedule, which became operative on January 1st. No gold is being paid for custom duties in New York.

The Secretary of State has received a cable message from Consul-General Williams at Havana, saying that the Cuban customs officers, under instructions from Madrid, have placed American imports into Cuba in the second or reciprocity column of tariff rates.

The Senate Committee on the Judiciary this morning, without division, ordered a report rejecting the nomination of Wm. M. Campbell to be United States Marshal for the District of Minnesota, made December last. The rejection was the outgrowth of a factional fight, Mr. M. Doran, National Democratic Committeeman from Minnesota, opposing the nomination.

The Republican members of the Senate of the Finance Committee held a meeting this morning and decided that they had no suggestions to make on the financial question. There will be no meeting of the Finance Committee to-morrow.

Mr. Gorman will offer an amendment to the Sundry Civil bill authorizing the issue of 3 per cent. Treasury certificates to meet current deficiencies and if he does the Republicans will favor it.

It is believed that the special cotton report to be issued by the Department of Agriculture at Washington at twelve o'clock to-morrow may have a decided effect on the market on account of its entire accuracy. This report is gotten up by a special bureau, provided by act of Congress, which appropriated a large sum for the purpose. Statements were gotten from all the railroad companies, steamboat companies, compress companies, warehouse companies, and then an agent was appointed in every agricultural county in which cotton was raised, who visited all the farms, country stores, gin houses, etc.

To morrow being the regular day for the meeting of the Senate Finance Committee, when it was supposed that the President's message, which has been referred to that committee, would naturally come up for consideration, the Republican members of the committee held a conference to-day in the room of Mr. Sherman, for the purpose of outlining the policy they should pursue. There was a free interchange of views, but no conclusion was reached. One Senator, active in the leadership of his party, said after the conference was over that the Republicans deemed it best to remain in a "receptive condition," pending the action of the House and some suggestion that should come from the Democrats in the Senate. For this reason while they were all agreed that they should assist in reporting any measure along Republican lines that looked to the maintenance of the public credit and the payment of the current expenses of the Treasury, they decided that the initiative should be taken by those charged with the responsibility for the legislation of this Congress.

The proposition to place some sort of a financial rider on the Sundry Civil bill was discussed and the Senators present agreed that if that was done they would support it. This is Mr Gorman's idea and he had prepared an amendment to that bill which will provide for either three per cent. bonds or Treasury certificates drawing the same rate of interest: and will press it to a vote. As this is in line with the Republican idea of what should be done, it would naturally receive the sanction of that side of the chamber, with the exception, possibly of the silver Republicans. It is believed, however, by Mr Gorman and Mr. Allison that if this issue of certificates is expressly stipulated to be used for meeting the current obligations of the Treasury, that the silver men in both parties, after entering their formal protest against the Government putting out any more of its obligations, would permit the amendment to prevail.

Nothing will be done to-morrow by the Finance Committee for the reason that there will be no meeting. Mr. Voorhees, the chairman, was indisposed to day and did not put in an appearance at the Capitol. During the afternoon however, he saw some of his colleagues and believing that there was nothing of immediate importance before the committee, upon which it could likely agree, he directed notices to be sent to the members informing them that the regular meeting of to morrow would not be held. In view of the urgent commendations made by the President and his appeal for authority to issue a 3 per cent. gold bond within 10 days to substitute for the loan he has just completed, the failure of this committee to at least consider the message, will doubtless cause some comment about the Senate end of the Capitol.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, February 11.—Spirits turpentine quiet and firm at 30@30½c. Rosin dull but steady; strained common to good $1 35@1 40.

CHARLESTON, February 11—Spirits turpentine firm at 27c; receipts 1 casks. Rosin firm; good strained $1 05; receipts 205 barrels.

SAVANNAH, February 11—Spirits turpentine opened and closed firm at 29c for regulars; sales 74 casks; receipts 28 casks. Rosin firm; sales 1,000 barrels.

Snow began falling all over South Carolina at 5 o'clock yesterday morning, and practically the whole State is buried beneath from three and a half to five inches of snow. Trains from the North are arriving at Charleston five hours behind time.

Royal Baking Powder

Absolutely Pure

A cream of tartar baking powder. Highest of all in leavening strength. —*Latest United States Government Food Report.*

Royal Baking Powder Co.,
106 Wall Street, N. Y.

Auction at Dingelhoef's 2.30 and 7.30 to-day. †

SENATE AND HOUSE.

SENATOR HILL INTRODUCES A CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

For Establishment of a Safe System of Bi-Metalism—An Amendment to the Postoffice Appropriation Bill to Abolish the Fast Southern Mail Service—Legislative, Executive and Judicial Appropriation Bill Considered in the House.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 11.—Mr. Hill introduced a concurrent resolution declaring it to be the sense of Congress that "The true policy of the Government requires that its efforts should be steadily directed to the establishment of a safe system of bi-metalism, wherein gold and silver may be maintained at a parity, and every dollar coined or issued by the United States; but if our efforts to establish or maintain in such bi-metallism shall not be wholly successful, and if, for any reason, or silver coin shall not hereafter be at parity with gold and silver and the equal thereof in value and power in the market and in the payment of debts, then it is hereby declared that the bonds of the United States now or hereafter issued, which by their terms are payable in coin, shall, nevertheless, be paid in standard gold dollars, it being the policy of the United States that its creditors shall, at all times, be paid in the best money in use."

This resolution was followed by one offered by Mr. Stewart (Pop., Nev) declaring that there is no authority of law to buy gold coin in preference to silver coin for any purpose whatever. In the regular course of procedure one or both of these resolutions will come before the Senate in the morning hour to-morrow.

The Postoffice Appropriation bill was then taken up, Mr. Butler giving notice that when it was disposed of be would ask to have the pooling bill taken up.

The first amendment which led to a discussion was the one increasing the appropriation for railway postoffices car service from $8,105,000 to $8,205 000 and to add these words: "Said sum shall be expended under the direction and in the discretion of the Postmaster General and any provision of existing law in conflict herewith is hereby repealed."

Mr. Lodge (Rep., Mass) made a point of order against this provision on the ground that it was general legislation on an appropriation bill. Mr. Lodge argued that the adoption of the amendment would, in connection with the next amendment, (to strike the item, "For necessary and special facilities on trunk lines from Springfield, Mass., to Atlanta and New Orleans,) throw into the hands of the Postmaster General the right to put the Southern fast mail where he pleased. To that he strongly objected, because that should be settled by Congress.

Mr. Blackburn, in charge of the bill, defended the amendment. He was asked by Mr. Lodge whether it was the purpose to abolish the fast Southern mail service. He admitted that it was, and said that there was only one route in the country that got this subsidy. The Postoffice Department had never recommended it and the Postmaster-General had asked Congress to abolish it, for the reason that it was an absolute detriment instead of a service.

Mr. Lodge said that the Southern fast mail service had been of vast benefit, and that he did not want to see it abolished.

Mr. Allison opposed the amendment as a radical and unwise change of existing law.

Mr. Allen drifted from the discussion of postoffice matters to that of affairs in the State of Alabama, which had been, Mr. Allen said, for the last two of three years deprived of a Republican form of government. When Mr. Allen had spoken about 10 minutes he was interrupted by Mr. Chandler, who said that when such a question was being discussed as whether a sovereign State of the Union had a Republican form of government or not, there ought to be a quorum present in the Senate chamber. He suggested the absence of such a quorum. The roll was called and 53 Senators responded—8 more than a quorum.

Mr. Allen then proceeded with his speech. He held the floor for two hours, most of the time being consumed in the reading of depositions in proof of elections in Alabama. There was little if any attention given to the subject by Senators. At 5.30, Mr. Allen, without having finished, and saying that he could not do so before 8 o'clock, yielded the floor.

A resolution instructing the Committee on Indian Affairs to continue during the recess the investigation into Indian schools, Indian reservations, etc., was reported and referred to the Committee on Contingent Expenses. It was immediately reported back favorably from the committee and was placed on the Calendar.

A call of the roll showed the presence of only 20 Senators, 15 less than a quorum, and the Senate, at 5.45, adjourned until to-morrow.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

A session of the House to-day lasting six and a half hours was given over almost entirely to the consideration of Legislative, Executive and Judicial Appropriation bills for the year ending June 30th, 1896. It was completed before the House adjourned, with the exception of the paragraphs providing money for the pension office force, and upon that one and a quarter hours' debate at a subsequent session was arranged for. Amendments were made to the bill as follows: Directing the Secretary of the Treasury to arrange for the refining and melting into bars of gold and silver bullion at the Helena, Montana, assay office; referring to the Attorney General for report to next Congress, as to law and facts, the statement made by the Indian Bureau of the accounts between the United States and several Indian tribes, as authorized by the act of 1891; for the purchase and opening of the Cherokee strip; striking out the appropriation of $3 000 to pay the salary of the private secretary of the Secretary of the Interior; requiring the master of every vessel, upon arrival at any port in this country where there is no naval officer, to mail a copy of his manifest to the Auditor of the Treasury Department. In the course of the discussion upon the paragraph of the bill providing for session committee clerks, Mr. Van Voorhis (Rep., New York) advocated their employment on the ground that more brains were necessary in the financial committees and that if the chairman could not find out the facts connected with the recent negotiations for bonds, which he declared to be suspicious on its face, some brainy clerk might be able to do so.

Senate bill was passed authorizing the coinage of gold and silver at the Denver mint.

The Senate amendment to the Chicago $4 000,000 public building was concurred in on motion of Mr. Durborrow (Dem., Ill) and the bill now goes to the President.

All Senate amendments to the Diplomatic and Consular Appropriation bill were on motion of Mr. McCreary (Dem., of Kentucky) non-concurred in, and a conference agreed to—Messrs. McCreary, Hooker (Dem., of Mississipp) and Hitt (Rep., of Illinois) managers.

The conference report on the bill to regulate the navigation of rivers and harbors of the United States was agreed to, and the House, at 5.30, adjourned until to morrow at noon.

Mrs. Wm. Siebert and two daughters, aged 3 and 5 years respectively, were drowned while crossing the Ohio river yesterday at Cornopolis, Pa.

Auction at Dingelhoef's 2.30 and 7.30 to-day. †

THE NEW BOND ISSUE.

No Active Steps to be Taken to Float the Loan Until It is Definitely Settled Whether Congress Will Authorize a Three Per Cent. Gold Bond.

[By Telegraph to the Morning Star.]

NEW YORK, February 11.—The Morgan-Belmont syndicate will not take any active steps relative to floating the new United State 4's until it is definitely settled whether Congress will authorize a 3 per cent. gold bond. The syndicate will not begin the import of gold from abroad until the middle of next week and its foreign members are engaged in picking up all of the floating gold in the open European markets. According to agreement with the Administration ample time will be given to deposit the gold in the sub Treasury and certificates of deposit bearing interest will be given in exchange for the gold as fast as deposited. It is not expected that any great portion of the bonds will be offered for public sale, as the bulk of it will go into the boxes of the great capitalists in the United States and Europe.

The Belmont bond syndicate began the deposit of gold to-day, $500 000 being deposited by the Chase National Bank in the United States assay office and $1 000,000 was received from another bank supposed to be the Fourth National after business hours, but was placed in store by the Superintendent of the Assay Office. The Washington authorities notified Assistant U. S Treasurer Jordan that all gold deposited on account of the bond syndicate must be deposited at the assay office and accepted as bullion. The Government will only credit the syndicate for the actual weight of gold in the gold coin accepted. It was also decided to-day by the Washington authorities that certificates of deposit could be issued on receipt of the gold which should bear the same interest as the bonds issued. For this reason the banks will deposit gold before the bonds are issued. The bonds are to bear the date of February 1 and the depositor of gold will receive credit for interest from the date of deposit, which will be figured in the price of the bonds.

SPOTS AND FUTURES.

The New York Sun's Review of the Cotton Market—Special Report of the Department of Agriculture.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Feb. 11.—The *Sun* says: Cotton declined four to five points, but reacted and closed quiet and steady at a net decline of one to two points, with sales of 79,800 bales. Liverpool was unchanged on the spot, with sales of 8 000 bales, but futures there declined two to two and a half points, and closed barely steady. In Manchester yarns were quiet but steady; cloths steady. The Southern markets were generally quiet and unchanged. The exports from the ports were 16,900 bales. Port receipts 21,900 bales to-day, against 31 489 this day last week, 12 968 last year and 29,148 in 1894. New Orleans declined four points and then recovered part of this. Thus far this week the ports have received 41,415 bales, against 54 832 for the same time last year. New Orleans to-morrow expects 10 000 to 13,000 bales, against 19,811 this day last week and 18,732 last year.

A party of New England mill men will leave Boston for the Carolinas next week to inspect the cotton mills in those States, with the view of ascertaining what advantages the South offers in the manufacture of cotton goods, especially the cheaper grades of cloth.

To-day's features: Some of the bulls in Liverpool got disgusted and sold out, and besides there was quite a little selling there against purchases of the actual cotton at the South. That is why Liverpool declined to-day contrary to expectations and greatly to the disappointment of bulls here. The weather was warmer at the South, and some think that the receipts are likely to increase before long, though others maintain that owing to the recent cold snap, the arrivals for a time must be small. There were persistent rumors that the bureau report, which was to have been issued at 4 o'clock today would be bullish; that it would show a crop not much larger than that of 1893, instead of running up to 10,000 000 bales or more. This had the effect of causing a slight rally before the close, so that the net decline here to-day was small. Cotton is cheap as everybody knows and, in fact, it is so cheap that many operators are disinclined to sell it short, while at the same time they are waiting for some decisive development favorable to the bullish interest before taking the long side. In the meantime it is a small speculation. Late in the day a dispatch was received from Washington stating that the publication of the bureau report had been unavoidably postponed until to-morrow.

GRAIN AND PORVISIONS.

A Decline in Prices of all Produce.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, Feb. 11.—Measured by the range of prices, wheat had a quiet session to-day. Much store is set by the fact that the invisible supply is considered to be in the neighborhood of 75,000,000 bushels less than a year ago and the visible but 2,760,000 bushels greater. The bulls are beginning to rely on these statistics for their ammunition now, and if any movement in the direction of higher prices is made, the figures quoted will receive due prominence. The amount on ocean passage increased 720,000 bushels. May wheat opened from 53⅞@53¼@53⅜c. declined to 53⅜c, closing at 53⅜c—⅛c under Saturday. There was so little trading in the cash markets that prices were not subjected to any change.

Corn—The advent of a moderate temperature, with its immediate enlargements of receipts, deprived corn of its snap and induced selling of that grain to-day. May opened from 44⅝c to 44⅝c. declined to 44¼@44⅜c. partially recovered and closed at 44⅜c—⅛@¼c under Saturday. Cash corn was ⅛c to ¼c lower.

Oats moved in which ever direction the other grains did. Quotations were under those of Saturday at all times, the trade being totally barren of interest or feature. The close was ⅛@¼c under Saturday for May. Cash oats were traded in at a decline of ⅛@¼c from Saturday.

Provisions—With the breaking up of the severe climatic conditions which have been prevalent recently, the live hog receipts began to increase to-day. The enormous arrivals to-day at the stock yards could have but one result—a heavy decline in values at that place. The product was disastrously affected for that reason, varying losses taking place at the opening. The packers, however, came to the support of the market, their buying not only preventing prices from going to pieces, but actually bringing about a sharp advance in pork and ribs. Lard recovered the early loss, and afterwards held steady. Domestic markets were easy and the feeling steady.

An Atlanta dispatch says all North Georgia is under snow and the streets of Atlanta are filled with hastily-rigged sleighs. Snow began falling there yesterday morning shortly after midnight and by 8 o'clock it was five inches deep. A heavy sleet then began, so that the snow has been covered with a heavy cake of sleet.

Auction at Dingelhoef's 2.30 and 7.30 to-day. †

LA GASCOGNE.

Arrival of the Long Over-Due French Steamship in New York Harbor—Great Rejoicing in the Office of the Steamship Company.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SANDY HOOK, Feb. 11—11.30 P. M.—La Gascogne anchored outside Sandy Hook bar, bound in, disabled but under her own steam.

NEW YORK Feb. 11.—The news that La Gascogne had been sighted was received amid the greatest excitement at the offices of the French line in Bowling Green. The cabin office was crowded with anxious inquirers who have relatives and friends on board that steamship. They had been standing around with pale faces expecting at any moment to hear the worst. When the word came that the ship was safe for a moment a stillness reigned which was almost painful in its intensity.

Agent Forget for a moment was rendered speechless, which evidenced how anxious he had been for the safety of La Gascogne. Then he regained himself and became wildly hilarious. He shouted, ran here and there, grasping the hand of this one and that one and fairly jumped up and down over the floor in the excitement of the moment. Then he put on his coat and started for the French line pier where a tug had been in readiness for days to take him to meet La Gascogne should she be sighted. Several of the anxious ones waiting for news started from the office to board the tug with Mr. Forget. Many wet eyes could be seen in the French line office when the good news was ascertained, and the tears were not from the women alone. Strong men wept as little children. The strain of days of worry had been too much for them. One man, a Mr. Rich, broke down completely and sobbed as if his heart would break. Mr. Rich has three daughters on board La Gascogne, two of them of very tender years. He had abandoned all hope when the joyful tidings came.

QUARANTINE STATEN ISLAND, Feb 11.—La Gascogne the big French liner, eight days overdue, dropped anchor at the bar just before midnight, all well on board, and a sigh of relief goes up from two continents. The delay was due to a broken piston-rod and to the terrific gales which have swept the North Atlantic the past week or more and brought disaster to many a staunch craft. Captain Baudelon and officers and crew of La Gascogne brought the passengers through the gale and made port without help. From the time they left Havre on January 26 until yesterday they spoke no trans Atlantic steamer and saw only a four-masted schooner, this one which reported at St. Pierre, Miquelon, N. S., as having seen a large steamer off the Banks apparently in distress last Saturday. The United Press tug Fred B. Dalzell, with representatives of the *Times, Tribune* and *Recorder* on board, was the first tug to reach La Gascogne. The disabled steamer had left Fire Island, 25 miles astern, and was eight miles to the eastward of Sandy Hook light house. It was 9 45 p m. The big liner was limping into port at half speed, with two big red lights, signals of distress, at the foremast. The tug lay alongside half an hour. The United Press tug was received with a cheer by the anxious passengers. They crowded to the rail, yelled and clapped their hands with all the enthusiasm of the French race. The officers refused to allow any one on board and would not come to the rail to talk. The passengers were more obliging. Julius Matrigin, a representative of the glove firm of Pirrio, Freres & Co, of Paris and New York, was interviewed over the side of the ship. He said: "We broke down on the third day out. We did not become alarmed as we did not know very much about what was the matter. The Captain said it was all right, and we had confidence in him. Our first experience with gales was on February 4th. We had a terrible blow then, and one of the boats was badly damaged."

"Was anything carried away?"

"No, the ship stood it well. We had plenty of provisions and fared first rate. We were blown away off our course and spoke to no steamers until yesterday, when we saw a Hamburg liner bound for Philadelphia. Others said they had got plenty to eat. Except the number of times that the sun rose and set, they would not have known anything was wrong. All particulars of the accident to the machinery were kept from the passengers, but the daily bulletins of the knots made told the story.

NEW LAW FIRM.

Fuller, Winston & Fuller, of Durham—Mr. W. W. Fuller to be Attorney of the American Tobacco Co. at a Salary of $50,000.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

RALEIGH N. C., February 10.—Will W. Fuller, Esq., of Durham, N. C., who has for several years been in receipt of the largest income received by any lawyer in the State, has accepted an offer to go to New York as the chief attorney of the American Tobacco Company at a salary of $50 000.

Mr. Fuller is a son of Judge T. C. Fuller, now of the U S Land Court, and who was the leading counsel of the Blackwell Tobacco Company in a long litigation over its famous "Bull" trade mark.

Mr. Fuller was associated with his father in this and other corporation litigations. Recently much of his time has been absorbed by important business for the Duke branch of the American Tobacco Company. The proposition to go to New York was made to Mr. Fuller some days ago. He has accepted and will go to New York, but his home will be in Durham and he will continue his connection as the head of the new law firm to be formed.

Hon. Robert W Winston, has resigned as Superior Court Judge and formed a partnership with Fuller & Fuller, and comes to Durham at once to reside. The senior member will be in New York, and the active business will be conducted by Jundge Winston and Mr. Frank T. Fuller.

COTTON FIRE

On the Steamer Michigan at Charleston, South Carolina.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Feb. 11.—The Norwegian steamer Michigan, in the stream ready for Bremen, with a cargo of cotton, was discovered on fire about midnight last night. The fire was in the holds 1 and 2. The vessel was towed to the wharf and water pumped into her compartments. It is reported that the lower hold and the coal bunker are also on fire.

A severe engagement took place between the Chinese and Japanese fleets at Wei-Hai-Wei on last Friday morning.

The annual district convention of the B'nai Brith will meet in Atlanta to-day. Delegates are present from Maryland, District of Columbia, Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina and Georgia. The executive board met last night and transacted routine business.

The Modern Invalid

Has tastes medicinally, in keeping with other luxuries. A remedy must be pleasantly acceptable in form, purely wholesome in composition, truly beneficial in effect and entirely free from every objectionable quality. If really ill he consults a physician; if constipated he uses the gentle family laxative, Syrup of Figs. †

THE SNOW BLOCKADE.

Communication Opened Between Washington and the South and Trains Running With Some Degree of Regularity.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, February 11.—Communication between Washington and the South, which has been suspended for three days because of big snow drifts between this city and Alexandria, Va., was opened this morning and trains are running with some degree of regularity now. Trains from the East are also arriving with slight delay, and the New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore papers reached Washington at the usual hour this morning for the first time since last Thursday.

Beyond a tenacious blockade on the Frederick Branch of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, that system was in better shape this morning than it has been since the storm began. The road is open to Philadelphia and New York, and trains are arriving and departing several hours late. Trains from Pittsburg, Cincinnati and the West were arriving irregularly. The Pennsylvania and the Southern Railroad Companies claim to have overcome the embargo, and the Norfolk and Western is hopeful of getting its trains out and in within twenty-four hours. Pennsylvania and Southern trains are arriving and departing at from three to four hours behind the regular schedule.

S. P. A. ASSOCIATION.

Meeting of the Executive Board a Failure—Mass Meeting of Railroad Representatives to be Held To-day.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

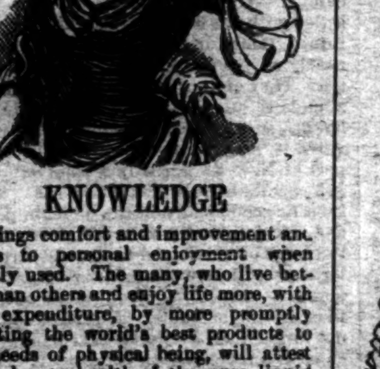
ATLANTA, February 10.—The meeting of the Executive Board of the Southern Passenger Association that was to be held here to-day hung fire, and no action was taken as was expected looking to the re-organization of the association. As is well known, the Southern lines that form the association have been at outs for some time past and all of the leading railroads have given notice of withdrawal from the association. There was to be a meeting of the association in New York a month ago to patch up the association, but owing to a lack of a quorum nothing was accomplished. There was no quorum present to-day and the meeting of the Executive board was a failure. Many of the prominent passenger agents of the South came in, however, and the mass meeting to-morrow of all the railroads of the section may bring some good results. The railroads have been called to send representatives to this mass meeting to see what can be done with the Southern Passenger Association. It is thought that a complete reorganization will result and that a new organization will be formed with no connection with the Southern Railway and Steamship Association under whose control the Passenger Association has been managed heretofore.

SEVEN DAYS OVER DUE.

Much Anxiety Felt For the Steamer St. Augustine.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Feb. 11.—The steamer City of St. Augustine, Captain Gaskill which plies regularly between this port and Jacksonville, in the lumber-carrying trade, sailed from Jacksonville on January 30th and has not since been heard from. She is consigned to Warren Ray, New York. The steamer is now seven days over due, and at the office of her agent much anxiety is felt for her safety. The St. Augustine, which is now about twelve days out, generally makes the trip in from four to five days.



KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and $1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost and Found Wants, and other short miscellaneous advertisements inserted in this Department, in leaded Nonpareil type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 10 cents per line each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 25 cents. Terms, positively cash in advance. Fractions of lines counted as whole lines.

To make big money selling our Electric Telephone. Best seller on earth. Sent all complete, ready set up. Lines of any distance. A practical electric Telephone. Our agents making $5 to $10 a day easy. Everybody buys, big money without work. Prices low. Any one can make $75 per month. Address W. P. Harrison & Co., Clerk No. 11, Columbus, Ohio. feb 6 6t

A few thousand dollars to loan in small sums, at reasonable interest. Address B. F. L., care of STAR. feb 6 tf

Tobacco, Snuff, Flour and Molasses sold at bottom prices. Just received fresh lot best quality Crackers and Cakes. Consignments solicited of Cotton, Timber, Naval Stores and Country Produce of all kinds. Neill McKinnon, wholesale and retail grocer and Commission Merchant, No. 3 South Water street. d&t

Portrait work.—Fine Photographs $1 per dozen. Get my prices on copying, enlarging and viewing before placing your order. Mail orders for copying and enlarging receive prompt attention. A trial order solicited. First-class work guaranteed. U. C Ellis, 114 Market street, Wilmington, N. C. Extra fine photographs a specialty. d&t

Hayden, P. H., has in stock buggies, road carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House. d&t

John S. McEachern, 211 Market street, Deals in Grain, Hay and all kinds of Mixed Feed. Leave orders, or call us through Telephone 92. d&t

Portner's Beer for purity, Portner's Beer for quality, Portner's Beer for everybody. That's the tune they all sing—Portner's Beer for everybody. d&t

Palmetto Brewing Co., of Charleston, S. C. Export, Rice and Lager Beer. Branch office No. 408 Nutt street; deliveries promptly made anywhere in city. F. Richter, Manager. d&t

Wrapping Paper. If you wish to buy old newspapers, suitable for wrapping paper, or placing under carpets, almost at your own price, call at the STAR Office. Sept 29 tf

Spirittine Chemical Co., L. Hansen manager. Wood distillers and refiners. Also of Spirittine Oil for wood and iron preservation; Spirittine Paint, Tar Oil, distilled Tar and the 5 Spirittine remedies. d&t

DISASTROUS STORM

On the Coast of Nova Scotia—No Lives Lost—Great Damage to Shipping and Other Property.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

HALIFAX, N. S., Feb. 11.—Telegraph advices received to-night from South Bay, Cape Breton, state that the place has been wiped out of existence by the storms of last week. The property washed into the sea includes fish houses, wharves, boats and fishermen's dwellings. No lives were lost, but several families living on the beach were rescued with great difficulty and saved nothing but the clothes they wore.

Green Cove reports that the storm was the most disastrous ever known on that coast. Boats and fish houses were nearly all swept out to sea or wrecked on the beach. No mail has been received since February 2.

NORTH SYDNEY, C. B., Feb. 11.—Advices from Meat Cove, C. B. say the tidal wave swept that coast Tuesday and Wednesday of last week, did great damage to shipping on St. Paul's Island. The waves washed clear over the top of the Northwest light-house. Several stores and fish houses, with their contents, were swept into the ocean. Telegraph wires were blown down for a distance of twenty miles.

A LAWYER ARRESTED.

A. J. Lyman, of Asheville, N. C., Charged with Misappropriation of $34,434.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, February 13—A J. Lyman, a lawyer of Asheville, N C., was arrested to-day and held in $5 000 bail He was arrested in a suit brought by the administrators of Katharine L Youmans, widow of the late Prof. Youmans, editor of the *Popular Science Monthly* Mr Youmans died on the 27th of August, 1894, at Ridgefield, Conn, leaving a large estate. The suit is to recover $34,434 which, it is asserted, Mr. Lyman has appropriated to his own use. It is said in the complaint that prior to June 1888 Mrs. Youmans retained Lyman to invest money for her in bonds and mortgages in and about Asheville, N. C., and sent him at various times sums of money that aggregated $34,434. It is asserted that this money was invested in worthless securities and that the lawyers deceived Mrs Youmans

WARM WIRELETS.

The bank of Leesburg, Fla., assigned yesterday. It is believed the bank will pay dollar for dollar.

Judge Cayare, the eminent jurist and historian, died yesterday at New Orleans La. He was born in that city in 1805.

Nine prisoners escaped from the county jail at Athens, Ohio yesterday morning Six of the nine are under indictment for felonies.

Gen. Montgomery Corse, who served in the Confederate army during the late war, died in Alexandria, Va., yesterday, aged 79 years.

The *Central News* correspondent at Shanghai says that China has ordered the peace envoys whom she sent to Japan to come back immediately.

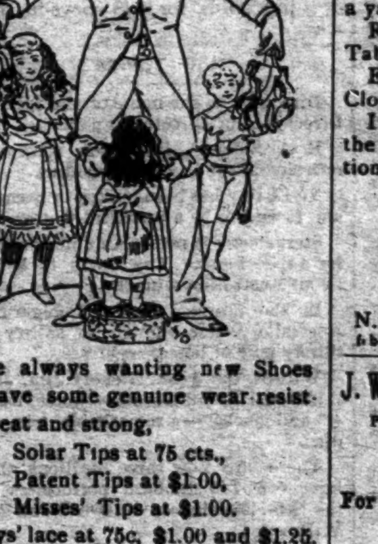
The Lancaster mill at Clinton, Mass., has given notice of a cut in wages that will affect in the vicinity of 3,000 men and women. There is general talk of a strike.

Chattanooga was visited yesterday by the worst fall of snow known for many years. It began falling at 1 a. m and continued incessantly for twelve hours Street railway traffic was practically abandoned. There were six inches of snow on the level.

J. T. Dickson, formerly cashier of the McIroy Banking Company, Fayetteville, Ark., committed suicide by taking poison. Dickson had recently been discharged from the bank and investigation of his accounts showed that he was a defaulter to the amount of $31 000.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Children



Are always wanting new Shoes We have some genuine wear resisters, neat and strong,

Solar Tips at 75 cts.,
Patent Tips at $1.00,
Misses' Tips at $1.00.

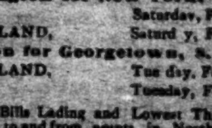
Boys' lace at 75c, $1.00 and $1.25.

We have Shoes for little people—and for big people—lean and fat folks. We can suit all and at almost any price. Call and see us.

Geo. R. French & Sons.
108 North Front St.,
jan 20 tf WILMINGTON, N. C.

The Clyde Steamship Co.

New York, Wilmington, N. C,
AND
Georgetown, S. C., Lines.



New York for Wilmington.

SOUTH PORTLAND,	Saturday, Feb. 2
CROATAN,	Saturday, Feb. 16

Wilmington for New York.

CROATAN,	Saturday, Feb. 9
SOUTH PORTLAND,	Saturday, Feb. 16

Wilmington for Georgetown, S. C.

SOUTH PORTLAND,	Tuesday, Feb. 5
CROATAN,	Tuesday, Feb. 12

☞ Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For freight or passage apply to
H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt.,
Wilmington, N. C.
THEO. G. EGER, T. M., Bowling Green, N. Y.
WM. P. CLYDE & CO., General Agents, Bowling Green, N. Y. Feb 2 tf

Seed Potatoes.

25 bbls. best E. R. Potatoes.
25 barrels as usually sold.
500 bbls. Flour.
50 thousand Paper Bags.
50 cases Lard.
200 boxes Tobacco.
Ask prices of

W. B. COOPER,
Wholesale Grocer and Commission Merchant,
228 North Water Street,
feb 10 tf D&W Wilmington, N. C.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

The Giles & Murchison

Stock

—OF—

Hardware

Tinware, Etc.,

To be Sold at a Great Reduction In Prices.

The undersigned has assumed the management of the sale of the entire Stock of the late firm of GILES & MURCHISON, which will be offered at prices which cannot fail to attract the attention of all close buyers.

Country Merchants

Will find it Greatly to their Interest to Get the List of Prices,

As Goods will be SOLD CHEAPER THAN EVER BEFORE OFFERED, or probably ever will be again.

Retail trade desired, and all in want of any goods in our line are earnestly invited to call and avail themselves of the present opportunity to fill their wants

At Unheard-of Prices.

The Stock will be kept up to its former HIGH STANDARD, and NEW GOODS will arrive as often as occasion requires.

J. W. Murchison, Agent.
jan 1 tf

RAMIE AND JUTE.

We have not either woven in with our

TABLE LINEN.

We sell to you Linen, not Jute or Ramie.

Special price on Table Linen.

We give you the number of inches wide by yard stick. Remember

UNBLEACH AND BLEACH

Table Linens.

58 inch wide Linen Table Cloth at 35c a yard.

Bleach Table Linen, 64 inches wide, round thread, at 65c a yard.

Round thread Table Linen, bleached, at 70c a yard, real value 90c a yard.

Bleach Table Linen, 64 inch wide, round thread, at 62½c a yard; would be real good value at 75c a yard.

68 inch wide, round thread, Bleach Table Linen to be sold at 85c, regular price $1.15 a yard. One piece of Table Linen, 68 inches wide, real value $1.50, to be sold at $1.10 a yd.

64 inch wide Bleach Table Linen at 58c a yard, regular price 75c.

70-inch Bleach Table Linen, worth $1.20 a yard, reduced to 95c a yard.

Toweling.

36 inch Check Toweling (all linen) at 20c a yard, would be good value at 35c.

Cup Toweling at 8c a yard, would be good value at 10c a yard.

Linen Roller Toweling, 18 inch wide, to be sold at 10c a yard.

Linen Toweling, plain white, at 10 to 12½c a yard.

Linen Toweling, black, at 8c, 10c and 12½c a yard.

A lot of Check Linen Crash at 7c a yard.

Real Table Cloth—Red Figured Table Cloth at 35c a yard.

Extra good quality Red Table Cloth at 42c a yard.

I respectfully call the attention of the public to the remarkable reduction in my stock of Table Linen.

Yours truly,

C. E. Gordon,

N. E Cor. Market and Front sts.
feb 3 tf

J. W. Norwood, President. H Walters, Vice-President. J. S. Worth, Cashier.

For Convenience, Security and Profit, Deposit Your Savings

IN THE

WILMINGTON SAVINGS & TRUST CO.

Convenience.

We are centrally located, where you can get your money any day.

Security,

New capital has recently been paid into the company, which makes it the strongest strictly Savings Bank in North Carolina.

Profit.

Interest paid on Deposits at rate of 4 per cent. per annum. Call at the Bank for Rules.

If you wish to borrow money on good security, call on the Savings and Trust Company before borrowing elsewhere. We lend at the minimum rates. Security first, rate next.
feb 5 tf

Frank H. Stedman, Jas. S. Worth.

Stedman & Worth.

INSURANCE.

Fire and Life.

Office at Banking House of the Wilmington Savings and Trust Company. jan 25 tf

FOR SALE.

OLD NEWSPAPERS, IN ANY QUANTITY suitable for wrapping purposes, for sale. 30 cents a hundred. ap 6 tf STAR OFFICE

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Newbern Fair.

FEBRUARY

18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23.

Premiums Aggregate

$7,000!

Race Premiums

$3,000!

Largest Ever Offered In the State.

Universally acknowledged
The best Fair
Ever held
In the South.

COME!

And induce your friends
To do likewise.
You will be pleased.

One Round Trip On All Railroads.

W. N. & N. R. R. Excursion Trains
One Cent Per Mile.
feb 3 et

J. W. Norwood, President. W. J. Toomer, Cashier.

THE

Atlantic National Bank,

WILMINGTON, N. C

Capital. $125,000.00
Surplus, $30,000.00.
Total Assets. $800,000.00.

With unsurpassed facilities for transacting business entrusted to it, this Bank offers all customers all accommodations consistent with legitimate Banking

We do not pay interest on deposits.

Direct correspondence with every point of importance having dealings with Wilmington merchants. Special attention given to out of town accounts.

Liberal loans made at minimum rates on approved security.

Safety Deposit Boxes for rent at from $4 to $8 per annum.

Your business solicited.
feb 9 tf

W. E. SPRINGER & CO.,

Purcell Building,
Wilmington, N. C

Importers and Jobbers
American, English
And German

Hardware

Tinware,
Earthenware,
Cutlery,
Guns,
Ammunition, &c.
sep 23 tf

SEVEN

SUTHERLAND SISTERS HAIR GROWER

And HAIR and SCALP Cleaner.

The only preparation that will restore the Hair in all its elegance, and is a positive and perfectly safe cure for baldness, stop hair from falling. Makes it grow thick and long. Is not VE. Seven Sutherland Sisters' Scalp Cleaner is the only Dandruff cure. For Shampooing it has no equal. Price, Hair Grower $1, six bottles $5. Scalp Cleaner, 50 cents. See the photograph of the Seven Sutherland Sisters (group) on every box. Ladies should not fail to use the Seven Sutherland Sisters' Dressing Combs.

SEVEN SUTHERLAND SISTERS,
Sole Manufacturers, N. Y. City.

The ladies of Wilmington are particularly requested to call at the Drug store of

J. Hicks Bunting,
Y. M. C. A. Building,

and see the young lady with long beautiful hair, who will be there for two Weeks on and after Feb. 4th.
jan 27 tf

Executor's Notice.

Having qualified as Executor of the will of the late Julia E. Oakley, I hereby notify all persons having claims against the estate of my said testatrix to present the same to me or to my attorney, Junius Davis, on or before the 12th day of January A. D., 1896. Dated this 12 day of January A. D., 1895.

JNO. F. SHACKELFORD,
jan 12 6w sa Executor of Julia E. Oakley.